

# I LOVE READING

## EXPLORER 3

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# I LOVE READING

## Key Vocabulary

This introduces key words from the main passage. It gives words with images and sample sentences to help learners understand the meanings of the words.

UNIT 01 They Were Brave

**Key Vocabulary**

**comfortably** (adj) in a way that feels physically relaxed  
We want to live more comfortably.

**beat** (v) when your heart beats, it moves in a regular rhythm as it pumps your blood  
I can hear my heart beating.

**beneath** (prep) in or to a lower position than something  
There was a village beneath this hill.

**garage** (n) a building for keeping a car in  
I keep my car in the garage next to my house.

**lift** (v) to move something or someone upwards into the air  
The axe is so heavy that I can't lift it.

**several** (pron) a number of people or things that is more than a few, but not a lot  
I watched the show several times before.

**recently** (adv) not long ago  
Recently, the Earth's temperatures have risen too much.

**faint** (v) to suddenly become unconscious for a short time  
She fainted when she saw a ghost.

**signboard** (n) a flat piece of wood, cardboard, etc. in a public place, with writing on it that gives people information  
There is a large signboard on the roof of the building.

**location** (n) a particular place, especially in relation to other areas, buildings, etc.  
What is the exact location of the car?

**Get Ready!**

Do you think you are brave?  
Have you ever done any brave behaviors before?

**Listen and read.**

There are many people who are very brave around us. These people allow us to live comfortably and safely in this society.

Ian, 8 years-old, was hit hard by a baseball. He fell down on the ground. Everyone was very surprised and they didn't know what to do. At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest. With her help, his heart beat again. He was taken to the hospital and became healthy. Without her help, Ian couldn't live.

Lauren, 22 years-old, found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage. She thought her father could die. So she lifted the car with her super power and pulled him out. She did CPR to get his heart beating again. Though he had several broken bones, she saved his life.

Danny, 5 years-old, had recently learned the alphabets at school. One day his father and he were driving back from a shopping mall. His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem. Danny called his mother for help. She asked him where they were. Danny tried to read the signboard on the street and read the alphabet letters. With his help, his mother could know their location and called the police for help.

Do you think you are also brave like these people? Have you ever helped any other people?

## Get Ready!

Pre-reading questions are designed to help learners broaden their background knowledge and increase their interest about the topic.

## Main Passage

The passage is comprised of various topics and major patterns that learners will learn in this level.

## Word Check Up

Various vocabulary activities help learners' understanding of the words.

**Word Check Up**

**A Listen and fill in the blanks.**

location / signboard / comfortably / garage / beat  
several / lift / beneath / fainted / recently

- With her help, his heart \_\_\_\_\_ again.
- Lauren found her father stuck \_\_\_\_\_ his car in the garage.
- Danny had \_\_\_\_\_ learned the alphabets at school.
- With his help, his mother could know their \_\_\_\_\_ and called the police for help.
- Though he had \_\_\_\_\_ broken bones, she saved his life.
- His father suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ because of his heart problem.
- So she \_\_\_\_\_ the car with her super power and pulled him out.
- Danny tried to read the \_\_\_\_\_ on the street and read the alphabet letters.
- These people allow us to live \_\_\_\_\_ and safely in this society.
- Lauren found her father stuck beneath his car in the \_\_\_\_\_.

**Smart Brainstorming**

Choose and complete the organizer.

What happened to Ian:

What happened to Lauren's father:

What happened to Danny's father:

What kind of people are around us:

**Comprehension**

**A What is this story about?**

- various events for helping people
- smart people around us
- brave people around us

**B Choose the right answer.**

- Which is NOT true about Ian?
  - He was hit hard by a baseball and fell down on the ground.
  - He was taken to the hospital, but could not become healthy.
  - A woman named Maureen helped him.
- What is true about Lauren?
  - She found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage.
  - She couldn't do anything but just calling 911.
  - She lifted the car, but couldn't pull her father out.
- What is NOT true about Danny?
  - He recently learned the alphabets at school.
  - His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.
  - He and his father were driving back from the school.
- What do people who are very brave allow us to do?
  - They allow us to help other people as well.
  - They allow us to live comfortably and safely in this society.
  - They allow us to earn much money from them.

## Comprehension

These questions test learners' comprehension of the main passage and develop key reading skills.

### Word Check Up

**A Listen and fill in the blanks.** Track 10

location / signboard / comfortably / garage / beat  
several / lifted / beneath / fainted / recently

- With her help, his heart \_\_\_\_\_ again.
- Lauren found her father stuck \_\_\_\_\_ his car in the garage.
- Danny had \_\_\_\_\_ learned the alphabets at school.
- With his help, his mother could know their \_\_\_\_\_ and called the police for help.
- Though he had \_\_\_\_\_ broken bones, she saved his life.
- His father suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ because of his heart problem.
- So she \_\_\_\_\_ the car with her super power and pulled him out.
- Danny tried to read the \_\_\_\_\_ on the street and read the alphabet letters.
- These people allow us to live \_\_\_\_\_ and safely in this society.
- Lauren found her father stuck beneath his car in the \_\_\_\_\_.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

What happened to Ian:

① He suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.

② There are many people who are very kind around us.

③ He was hit by a baseball and fell down on the ground.

④ He was stuck beneath his car in the garage.

What happened to Lauren's father:

① He suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.

② There are many people who are very kind around us.

③ He was hit by a baseball and fell down on the ground.

④ He was stuck beneath his car in the garage.

What happened to Danny's father:

① He suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.

② There are many people who are very kind around us.

③ He was hit by a baseball and fell down on the ground.

④ He was stuck beneath his car in the garage.

What kind of people are around us:

① He suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.

② There are many people who are very kind around us.

③ He was hit by a baseball and fell down on the ground.

④ He was stuck beneath his car in the garage.

### Dictation

**Listen and fill in the blanks.** Track 11

There are many people who are very \_\_\_\_\_ around us. These people \_\_\_\_\_ us to live \_\_\_\_\_ and safely in this society.

Ian, 8 years-old, was hit hard by a baseball. He fell down on the ground. Everyone was very \_\_\_\_\_ and they didn't know what to do. At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest. With her help, his heart \_\_\_\_\_ again. He was taken to the hospital and became \_\_\_\_\_. Without her help, Ian couldn't live.

Lauren, 22 years-old, found her father stuck \_\_\_\_\_ his car in the \_\_\_\_\_. She thought her father could die. So she \_\_\_\_\_ the car with her super power and pulled him out. She did CPR to get his heart beating again. Though he had \_\_\_\_\_ broken bones, she saved his life.

Danny, 5 years-old, had \_\_\_\_\_ learned the alphabets at school. One day his father and he were driving back from a shopping mall. His father suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ because of his heart problem. Danny called his mother for help. She asked him where they were. Danny tried to read the \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ and read the alphabet \_\_\_\_\_. With his help, his mother could know their \_\_\_\_\_ and called the police for help.

Do you think you are also brave like these people?  
Have you ever helped any other people?

### Smart Brainstorming

Graphic organizers help learners identify and understand the key concept or key theme of the passage.

### Dictation

Learners can practice their listening skills. A native speaker of English speaks the passage, and this allows learners to hear the proper pronunciation of the words.

### Review Check Up

Word Practice enables learners to review the unit's key words.

Sentence Practice enables learners to review major sentences and to check on their comprehension accuracy through writing activities.

### Review Check Up

**A Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.**

- when your heart beats, it moves in a regular rhythm as it pumps your blood. ☐ bite ☐ beat
- in a way that feels physically relaxed. ☐ comfort ☐ comfortably
- in or to a lower position than something. ☐ below ☐ beneath
- a building for keeping a car in. ☐ garage ☐ garbage
- to move something or someone upwards into the air. ☐ live ☐ lift
- a number of people or things that is more than a few, but not a lot. ☐ seven ☐ several
- not long ago. ☐ recently ☐ repeat
- to suddenly become unconscious for a short time. ☐ sleep ☐ faint
- a flat piece of wood, cardboard, etc. in a public place, with writing on it that gives people information. ☐ signboard ☐ skateboard
- a particular place, especially in relation to other areas, buildings, etc. ☐ position ☐ location

**B Circle the right words.**

- I can hear my heart \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. biting b. beating c. stopping
- I watched the show \_\_\_\_\_ times before.  
a. seven b. many c. several
- There is a large \_\_\_\_\_ on the roof of the building.  
a. signboard b. tent c. skateboard
- I keep my car in the \_\_\_\_\_ next to my house.  
a. garage b. warehouse c. living room

**C Complete the summary.**

\_\_\_\_\_ know their location and called the police for help. Ian was \_\_\_\_\_ stuck beneath his car in the garage. \_\_\_\_\_ get his heart beating again hit hard by a baseball and fell down on the ground because of his heart problem.

At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest. With her help, his heart beat again. Without her help, Ian couldn't live. Lauren found her father \_\_\_\_\_. She lifted the car with her super power and pulled him out. She did CPR to \_\_\_\_\_. Though he had several broken bones, she saved his life. Danny had recently learned the alphabets at school. One day his father and he were driving back from a shopping mall. His father suddenly fainted \_\_\_\_\_. Danny tried to read the signboard on the street and read the alphabet letters to his mother. With his help, his mother could \_\_\_\_\_.

## They Were Brave

그들은 용감했다

## Key Vocabulary



Track 01

**comfortably**

편안하게

(ad) in a way that feels physically relaxed

We want to live more **comfortably**.

우리는 더 편하게 살기를 원한다.

**beat**(심장이)  
고동치다, 뛰다

(v) when your heart beats, it moves in a regular rhythm as it pumps your blood

I can hear my heart **beating**.

난 내 심장 뛰는 소리를 들을 수 있다.

**beneath**

아래에, 밑에

(prep) in or to a lower position than something

There was a village **beneath** this hill.

이 언덕 아래 마을이 있었다.

**garage**

차고, 주차장

(n) a building for keeping a car in

I keep my car in the **garage** next to my house.

나는 집 옆 차고에 내 차를 보관한다.

**lift**

들어 올리다

(v) to move something or someone upwards into the air

The axe is so heavy that I can't **lift** it.

그 도끼는 너무 무거워서 내가 들 수 없다.

**several**

몇몇의

(pron.) a number of people or things that is more than a few, but not a lot

I watched the show **several** times before.

나는 그 쇼를 이전에 몇 번 봤다.

**recently**

최근에

(ad) not long ago

**Recently**, the Earth's temperatures have risen too much.

최근 지구의 기온은 너무 많이 상승했다.

**faint**

기절하다, 졸도하다

(v) to suddenly become unconscious for a short time

She **fainted** when she saw a ghost.

그녀는 유령을 보고 기절했다.

**signboard**

간판

(n) a flat piece of wood, cardboard, etc. in a public place, with writing on it that gives people information

There is a large **signboard** on the roof of the building.

건물 옥상에 큰 간판이 세워져 있다.

**location**

장소, 위치

(n) a particular place, especially in relation to other areas, buildings, etc.

What is the exact **location** of the car?

그 차의 정확한 위치는 어디인가?





## Get Ready !

*Do you think you are brave?  
Have you ever done any brave behaviors before?*

너는 네가 용감하다고 생각하니?  
너는 용감한 행동을 해 본적이 있니?

## Listen and read. Track 02

우리 주위에는 용감한 사람들이 많다. 이런 사람들로 인해 이 사회에서 우리가 편안하고 안전하게 살 수 있다.  
8세 Ian은 야구공으로 세게 맞았다. 그는 운동장에 쓰러졌다. 모두들 아주 놀랐고 무엇을 해야 할지 몰랐다. 그때 Maureen이라는 이름의 한 여성이 돕기 위해 달려 왔고 그의 가슴에 심폐소생술을 했다. 그녀의 도움으로 그의 심장은 다시 뛰었다. 그는 병원으로 옮겨져서 건강하게 되었다.  
그녀의 도움없이 Ian은 살 수 없었다.  
22살의 Lauren은 그녀의 아버지가 차고에서 차 아래에 깔려 있는 것을 발견했다. 그녀는 아버지가 죽을 수도 있다고 생각했다. 그래서 그녀는 그 차를 굉장한 힘으로 들어올리고 그를 꺼냈다. 그는 그의 심장이 다시 뛰도록 심폐소생술을 했다. 비록 그는 뼈가 여러 개 부러졌지만, 그녀는 그의 생명을 구했다.  
5세 Danny는 최근에 학교에서 알파벳을 배웠다. 어느 날 그의 아버지와 그는 쇼핑몰에서 운전을 하며 돌아오는 중이었다. 그의 아버지가 심장의 문제로 갑자기 기절을 했다. Danny는 그의 어머니에게 도움을 받기 위해 전화를 했다. 그녀는 그에게 그들이 어디에 있는지 물었다. Danny는 거리에 있는 표지판을 읽으려고 노력을 했고 알파벳 글자들을 읽었다. 그의 도움으로 그의 어머니는 그들의 위치를 알았고 경찰에 도움 요청을 위한 전화를 했다. 너는 이 사람들처럼 너도 용감하다고 생각하니?  
너는 다른 사람들을 도와준 적이 있니?

There are many people who are very brave around us. These people allow us to live **comfortably** and safely in this society.

Ian, 8 years-old, was hit hard by a baseball. He fell down on the ground. Everyone was very surprised and they didn't know what to do. At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest. With her help, his heart **beat** again. He was taken to the hospital and became healthy. Without her help, Ian couldn't live.

Lauren, 22 years-old, found her father stuck **beneath** his car in the **garage**. She thought her father could die. So she **lifted** the car with her super power and pulled him out. She did CPR to get his heart beating again. Though he had **several** broken bones, she saved his life.

Danny, 5 years-old, had **recently** learned the alphabets at school. One day his father and he were driving back from a shopping mall. His father suddenly **fainted** because of his heart problem. Danny called his mother for help. She asked him where they were. Danny tried to read the **signboard** on the street and read the alphabet letters. With his help, his mother could know their **location** and called the police for help.

Do you think you are also brave like these people? Have you ever helped any other people?

## Word Check Up

### A Listen and fill in the blanks. Track 03

location / signboard / comfortably / garage / beat  
several / lifted / beneath / fainted / recently

- 1 With her help, his heart beat again.
- 2 Lauren found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage.
- 3 Danny had recently learned the alphabets at school.
- 4 With his help, his mother could know their location and called the police for help.
- 5 Though he had several broken bones, she saved his life.
- 6 His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.
- 7 So she lifted the car with her super power and pulled him out.
- 8 Danny tried to read the signboard on the street and read the alphabet letters.
- 9 These people allow us to live comfortably and safely in this society.
- 10 Lauren found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

What happened to Ian :

He was hit by a baseball and fell down on the ground.

What happened to Lauren's father :

He was stuck beneath his car in the garage.

- ① He suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.
- ② There are many people who are very brave around us.
- ③ He was hit by a baseball and fell down on the ground.
- ④ He was stuck beneath his car in the garage.

What happened to Danny's father :

He suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.

What kind of people are around us :

There are many people who are very brave around us.

# Comprehension

## A What is this story about?

- a. various events for helping people
- b. smart people around us
- ☒ c. brave people around us

## B Choose the right answer.

- 1 Which is NOT true about Ian?
  - a. He was hit hard by a baseball and fell down on the ground.
  - ☒ b. He was taken to the hospital, but could not become healthy.
  - c. A woman named Maureen helped him.
- 2 What is true about Lauren?
  - ☒ a. She found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage.
  - b. She couldn't do anything but just calling 911.
  - c. She lifted the car, but couldn't pull her father out.
- 3 What is NOT true about Danny?
  - a. He recently learned the alphabets at school.
  - b. His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.
  - ☒ c. He and his father were driving back from the school.
- 4 What do people who are very brave allow us to do?
  - a. They allow us to help other people as well.
  - ☒ b. They allow us to live comfortably and safely in this society.
  - c. They allow us to earn much money from them.

### C Read the story and write T or F.

- 1 With his mother's help, Ian's heart beat again.
- 2 Lauren did CPR to get her mother's heart beating again.
- 3 Danny tried to read the signboard on the street.
- 4 With Danny's help, his mother could know his location.

F

F

T

T

### D Write the answers.

- 1 What happened to Ian?

Ian was hit by a baseball and fell down on the ground.

- 2 What did Lauren think about her father?

She thought her father could die.

- 3 Where were Danny and his father driving back from?

They were driving back from a shopping mall.

### E Complete the story.

healthy / baseball / heart / signboard / around / police  
ground / garage / broken / CPR / suddenly / saved

There are many people who are very brave around us. Ian was hit hard by a baseball and fell down on the ground. At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest. With her help, his heart beat again. He was taken to the hospital and became healthy. Lauren found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage. So she lifted the car and pulled him out. Though he had several broken bones, she saved his life. Danny and his father were driving back from a shopping mall. His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem. Danny tried to read the signboard on the street and told her mother about it. With his help, his mother could know their location and called the police for help.

# Dictation

## Listen and fill in the blanks.



Track 04

There are many people who are very brave around us.

These people allow us to live comfortably and safely in this society.

Ian, 8 years-old, was hit hard by a baseball. He fell down on the ground.

Everyone was very surprised and they didn't know what to do.

At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest. With her help, his heart beat again. He was taken to the hospital and became healthy. Without her help, Ian couldn't live.

Lauren, 22 years-old, found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage. She thought her father could die. So she lifted the car with her super power and pulled him out. She did CPR to get his heart beating again. Though he had several broken bones, she saved his life.

Danny, 5 years-old, had recently learned the alphabets at school.

One day his father and he were driving back from a shopping mall. His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem. Danny called his mother for help. She asked him where they were.

Danny tried to read the signboard on the street and read the alphabet letters.

With his help, his mother could know their location and called the police for help.

Do you think you are also brave like these people?

Have you ever helped any other people?

## Key Vocabulary



Track 05

**rural**

시골의, 지방의

(a) happening in or relating to the countryside

For that reasons, they mostly live in **rural** areas.

이러한 이유로, 그들은 대부분 시골 지역에 산다.

**variety**

여러 가지, 갖가지

(n) the differences with a group, set of action etc.

We need a **variety** of resources to live.

우리는 살기 위해 여러 가지 자원이 필요하다.

**career**

직업, 경력

(n) a job or profession which you do for a long period of your life

He has a rewarding **career** as a doctor.

그는 의사로써 보람 있는 직업을 가지고 있다.

**cultural life**

문화생활

(n) doing something that is related to art, literature, music, etc.

I want to experience the rich **cultural life** of the city.

나는 도시의 풍부한 문화생활을 경험하고 싶다.

**complicate**

복잡하게 만들다

(v) to make a problem or situation more difficult

I don't want to **complicate** something which is very simple.

나는 아주 간단한 것을 복잡하게 만들고 싶지 않다.

**pollution**

오염

(n) the process of making air, water, soil etc. dangerously dirty

Air **pollution** in Seoul is serious.

서울의 대기 오염이 심각하다.

**rare**

드문, 희귀한

(a) not seen or found very often, or not happening very often

I found a **rare** book at a secondhand bookstore.

나는 중고 헌책방에서 희귀한 책을 구했다.

**countryside**

시골지역

(n) land that is outside cities and towns

My father was born in the **countryside**.

나의 아버지는 시골마을에서 태어나셨다.

**community**

지역사회, 공동체

(n) a group of people who have the same interests, religion, race, etc.

The family is the nucleus of the **community**.

가정은 사회의 핵심이다.

**chance**

기회, 가능성

(n) the possibility that something will happen, especially something you want

I had a **chance** to hear his music once.

나는 전에 그의 음악을 들을 기회가 있었다.





## Get Ready !

Where do you live in now, a city or a rural area?  
Do you like living there? Why?

너는 도시에 살고 있니 아니면 시골에 살고 있니?  
너는 거기서 사는 것이 좋니? 그 이유가 무엇이니?

## Listen and read. Track 06

도시에서 사는 것과 시골에서 사는 것 중 어떤 것이 더 나은가?  
너는 도시에서는 네가 원하는 많은 것들을 낮 혹은 밤의 어느  
시간에든 쉽게 살 수 있다. 너는 여기서 다양한 일과 직업을  
찾을 수 있다. 도움이 필요하면, 근처의 공공기관을 찾을 수  
있다. 너는 극장, 콘서트홀 그리고 박물관에서 문화생활을  
즐길 수 있다. 그러나, 도시에서 사는 것에 대해 나쁜 점도  
있다. 사는데 필요한 돈이 점점 더 비싸진다. 교통은 복잡하고  
오염문제가 심각해진다. 이웃간의 친근한 유대가 드물다.  
도시에서는 많은 나무와 숲을 발견하기가 어렵다. 게다가, 도시  
사람들은 항상 서두르고 매우 바쁘게 살아간다.  
너는 시골에서 평화롭고 조용한 삶을 즐기며 보다 여유로운  
일정을 가질 수 있다. 공동체 의식이 커서 사람들은 함께  
일하며 다른 사람들을 돌본다. 건물이 더 적어서 너는 자연을  
즐길 수 있다. 너는 신선한 공기를 마실 수 있고 밝은 별과  
깨끗한 하늘을 볼 수 있다. 그러나 시골에도 사는 것에 대해  
나쁜 점도 있다. 너는 집 근처에서 공공기관을 찾는 것이 어려  
울 수 있다. 일을 찾을 수 있는 기회와 오락거리를 즐길 기회가  
적을 수 있다.

Which is better : living in the city or in the **rural** area?

You can easily buy many things you want in the city at any time of the day or night. You can find a **variety** of jobs and **careers** here. If you need any help, you can find public departments near you. You can enjoy your **cultural life** in theater, concert hall, and museum.

But, there are bad things about living in the city too. The cost of living becomes more and more expensive. Traffics are **complicated** and **pollution** gets worse. Close relations among neighbors are **rare**. It is difficult to find many trees and forests in the city. Moreover, city people are always in a hurry and live too busily.

You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life and have more relaxing schedule in the **countryside**. People work together and look out for one another, having a great sense of **community**. There are fewer buildings, so you can enjoy the nature. You can breathe fresh air and see bright stars and the clean sky.

But there are also bad things about living in the countryside. You may have hard time finding public departments near your house. There may be less **chance** to get a job and to enjoy entertainment.



# Word Check Up

## A Listen and fill in the blanks. Track 07

rural area / countryside / cultural life / variety / complicated  
careers / chance / rare / community / pollution

- 1 You can find a variety of jobs and careers here.
- 2 Which is better: living in the city or in the rural area ?
- 3 Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse.
- 4 You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life and have more relaxing schedule in the countryside.
- 5 There may be less chance to get a job and to enjoy entertainment.
- 6 People work together and look out for one another, having a great sense of community.
- 7 Close relations among neighbors are rare.
- 8 Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse.
- 9 You can enjoy your cultural life in theater, concert hall, and museum.
- 10 You can find a variety of jobs and careers here.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

What you can find in the city :  
You can find a variety of jobs  
and careers.

What you can find in the city if  
you need help :  
If you need any help, you can find  
public departments near you.

- ① You can enjoy the nature, breathe fresh air and see bright stars and the clean sky.
- ② If you need any help, you can find public departments near you.
- ③ You can find a variety of jobs and careers.
- ④ You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life and have more relaxing schedule.

What you can enjoy in the rural  
area :  
You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life  
and have more relaxing schedule.

What you can enjoy in the rural  
area :  
You can enjoy the nature, breathe  
fresh air and see bright stars and the  
clean sky.

# Comprehension

## **A** What is this story about?

- a. how to live in the city
- b.** differences between living in the city and the rural area
- c. differences between traffics in the city and the rural area

## **B** Choose the right answer.

- 1** What is NOT true about living in the city?
  - a. You can find a variety of jobs and careers there.
  - b. You can enjoy your cultural life.
  - c.** The cost of living becomes more and more cheap.
- 2** What are the bad things about living in the city? (Choose two)
  - a.** It is difficult to find many trees and forests.
  - b.** City people are always in a hurry and live too busily.
  - c. You may have hard time finding public departments near your house.
- 3** What is NOT true about living in the rural area?
  - a.** Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse.
  - b. You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life.
  - c. There are fewer buildings, so you can enjoy the nature.
- 4** What are the bad things about living in the rural area?
  - a. The cost of living becomes more and more expensive.
  - b.** There may be less chance to get a job and to enjoy entertainment.
  - c. It is difficult to find many trees and forests.

### C Read the story and write T or F.

- |   |  |              |
|---|--|--------------|
| 1 | You can easily buy many things you want in the city.                 | <div>T</div> |
| 2 | You can have more relaxing schedule in the city.                     | <div>F</div> |
| 3 | Close relations among neighbors are often in the city.               | <div>F</div> |
| 4 | People work together and look out for one another in the rural area. | <div>T</div> |

### D Write the answers.

- 1 Where can you enjoy your cultural life in the city?  
I can enjoy my cultural life in theater, concert hall, and museum.
- 2 What can you find when you need any help?  
I can find public departments near me.
- 3 How are people in the rural area?  
People work together and look out for one another, having a great sense of community.

### E Complete the story.

nature / busily / public / easily / sense / worse  
variety / becomes / together / traffics / bright / enjoy

You can easily buy many things you want in the city and find a variety of jobs and careers. If you need any help, you can find public departments near you. You can enjoy your cultural life, too. But, the cost of living becomes more and more expensive. Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse. Moreover, city people are always in a hurry and live too busily. You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life in the countryside. People work together and look out for one another, having a great sense of community. There are fewer buildings, so you can enjoy the nature. You can breathe fresh air and see bright stars and the clean sky. But you may have hard time finding public departments near your house. There may be less chance to get a job and to enjoy entertainment.

# Dictation

## Listen and fill in the blanks.



Track 08

Which is better : living in the city or in the rural area?

You can easily buy many things you want in the city at any time of the day or night. You can find a variety of jobs and careers here. If you need any help, you can find public departments near you. You can enjoy your cultural life in theater, concert hall, and museum.

But, there are bad things about living in the city too. The cost of living becomes more and more expensive.

Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse. Close relations among neighbors are rare. It is difficult to find many trees and forests in the city. Moreover, city people are always in a hurry and live too busily.

You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life and have more relaxing schedule in the countryside. People work together and look out for one another, having a great sense of community. There are fewer buildings, so you can enjoy the nature. You can breathe fresh air and see bright stars and the clean sky.

But there are also bad things about living in the countryside. You may have hard time finding public departments near your house.

There may be less chance to get a job and to enjoy entertainment.

## Review Check Up

### A Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.

- 1 when your heart beats, it moves in a regular rhythm as it pumps your blood

☐ bite  
☒ beat

With her help, his heart beat again.

- 2 in a way that feels physically relaxed

☐ comfort  
☒ comfortably

These people allow us to live comfortably and safely in this society.

- 3 in or to a lower position than something

☐ below  
☒ beneath

Lauren, 22 years-old, found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage.

- 4 a building for keeping a car in

☒ garage  
☐ garbage

Lauren, 22 years-old, found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage.

- 5 to move something or someone upwards into the air

☐ live  
☒ lift

So she lifted the car with her super power and pulled him out.

- 6 a number of people or things that is more than a few, but not a lot

☐ seven  
☒ several

Though he had several broken bones, she saved his life.

- 7 not long ago

☒ recently  
☐ repeat

Danny, 5 years-old, had recently learned the alphabets at school.

- 8 to suddenly become unconscious for a short time

☐ sleep  
☒ faint

His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.

- 9 a flat piece of wood, cardboard, etc. in a public place, with writing on it that gives people information

☒ signboard  
☐ skateboard

Danny tried to read the signboard on the street and read the alphabet letters.

- 10 a particular place, especially in relation to other areas, buildings, etc.

☐ position  
☒ location

With his help, his mother could know their location and called the police for help.

## B Circle the right words.

- 1 I can hear my heart beating.
- a. biting                      **b. beating**                      c. stopping
- 2 I watched the show several times before.
- a. seven                      b. many                      **c. several**
- 3 There is a large signboard on the roof of the building.
- a. signboard**                      b. tent                      c. skateboard
- 4 I keep my car in the garage next to my house.
- a. garage**                      b. warehouse                      c. living room

## C Complete the summary.

know their location and called the police for help  
stuck beneath his car in the garage / get his heart beating again  
hit hard by a baseball and fell down on the ground  
because of his heart problem

Ian was hit hard by a baseball and fell down on the ground. At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest. With her help, his heart beat again. Without her help, Ian couldn't live. Lauren found her father stuck beneath his car in the garage. She lifted the car with her super power and pulled him out. She did CPR to get his heart beating again. Though he had several broken bones, she saved his life. Danny had recently learned the alphabets at school. One day his father and he were driving back from a shopping mall. His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem. Danny tried to read the signboard on the street and read the alphabet letters to his mother. With his help, his mother could know their location and called the police for help.

## Review Check Up

### A Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.

- 1 happening in or relating to the countryside

Which is better: living in the city or in the rural?

☒ rural  
☐ city

- 2 the differences with a group, set of action etc.

You can find a variety of jobs and careers here.

☐ various  
☒ variety

- 3 a job or profession which you do for a long period of your life

You can find a variety of jobs and careers here.

☒ career  
☐ cabinet

- 4 doing something that is related to art, literature, music, etc.

You can enjoy your cultural life in theater, concert hall, and museum.

☐ culture  
☒ cultural life

- 5 to make a problem or situation more difficult

Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse.

☒ complicate  
☐ cooperate

- 6 the process of making air, water, soil etc. dangerously dirty

Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse.

☐ polite  
☒ pollution

- 7 not seen or found very often, or not happening very often

Close relations among neighbors are rare.

☒ rare  
☐ rapid

- 8 land that is outside cities and towns

You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life and have more relaxing schedule in the countryside.

☐ country  
☒ countryside

- 9 a group of people who have the same interests, religion, race, etc.

People work together and look out for one another, having a great sense of community.

☒ community  
☐ society

- 10 the possibility that something will happen, especially something you want

There may be less chance to get a job and to enjoy entertainment.

☐ possible  
☒ chance



**B Circle the right words.**

1 I don't want to complicate something which is very simple.

- a. ☒ complicate      b. comfortably      c. communicate

2 My father was born in the countryside.

- a. community      b. ☒ countryside      c. country

3 I had a chance to hear his music once.

- a. opportunity      b. ☒ chance      c. chase

4 We need a variety of resources to live.

- a. many      b. different      c. ☒ variety

**C Complete the summary.**

enjoy peaceful and quiet life in the rural area  
 complicated and pollution gets worse / having a great sense of community  
 get a job and to enjoy entertainment / a variety of jobs and careers in the city

You can easily buy many things and find a variety of jobs and careers in the city. You can enjoy your cultural life, too. But, the cost of living becomes more and more expensive. Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse. Close relations among neighbors are rare. Moreover, city people are always in a hurry and live too busily. You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life in the rural area. People work together and look out for one another, having a great sense of community. There are fewer buildings, so you can enjoy the nature. You can breathe fresh air and see bright stars and the clean sky. But, you may have hard time finding public departments near your house. There may be less chance to get a job and to enjoy entertainment.

## Key Vocabulary



Track 09

**advice**

조언, 충고

(n) an opinion you give someone about what they should do

So please don't forget this **advice**.

그러니 내 충고를 잊지 말아라.

**spoil**

망치다

(v) to have a bad effect on something

I don't want to **spoil** your plan.

나는 네 계획을 망치고 싶지 않다.

**sensitive**

예민한, 민감한

(a) easily upset or offended by events or things that people say

You know I'm very **sensitive** to weather.

난 계절에 아주 민감한거 알잖아.

**prejudice**

편견

(n) an unreasonable dislike and distrust of people who are different, especially because of their race, sex, religion, etc.

What kind of **prejudice** do you have?

너는 어떤 종류의 편견을 가지고 있니?

**face**

직면하다

(v) to accept that a difficult situation or problem exists

The company is **facing** a financial crisis.

그 회사는 재정 위기에 직면해 있다.

**allow**

허락, 용납하다

(v) to let someone do or have something, or let something happen

I can't **allow** you to do this on your own.

너 혼자 이 일을 하게 놔둘 수 없다.

**over and over**

반복해서, 되풀이해서

many times, repeatedly

I've told you **over and over** again not to do that.

그렇게 하지 말라고 몇 번이나 반복해서 말했잖아.

**support**

지지하다

(v) to say that you agree with an idea, group, or person, and usually to help them

**Support** him in his musical efforts.

그가 음악적으로 노력하는 것을 지지해줘라.

**disappoint**

실망시키다

(v) to make someone feel unhappy because something they hoped for did not happen

I didn't want to **disappoint** them.

나는 그들을 실망시키고 싶지 않았다.

**decision**

결정, 판단

(n) a choice or judgment that you make after a period of discussion or thought

I regret the **decision** to this day.

지금까지도 나는 그 결정을 후회한다.



## Get Ready !

*Have you ever given any advice to your friends?  
How do you usually give advice?*

너는 친구에게 조언을 해 본적이 있니?  
보통 조언은 어떻게 하니?

## Listen and read. Track 10

너의 친구가 네 충고를 받기를 원하는가? 그러나 충고하기는 어려울 수 있다. 좋은 충고는 삶에서 옳은 길을 찾게 해 주지만, 반면 나쁜 충고는 삶을 망칠 수 있다. 그리고 때로 충고는 매우 예민한 문제이다. 여기 네가 따르면 좋을 것들이 있다.

1. 그 사람의 이야기를 주의 깊게 듣고 그 혹은 그녀의 상황을 이해하도록 노력하여라. 다른 사람의 말을 편견 없이 들을 필요가 있다. 적극적으로 듣는 사람이 되는 것이 네가 좋은 충고를 하는데 도움을 줄 것이다.
2. 네가 같은 상황에 직면했다고 상상하도록 노력을 하여라. 경험했던 비슷한 경험을 떠올리거나 네가 그 사람이라고 상상하라. 이렇게 하면 좋은 충고를 줄 수 있을 것이다.
3. 네 충고의 단점과 장점은 무엇인가? 너의 충고는 장기적으로 좋은가 혹은 단기적으로 좋은가? 다른 사람에게 충고를 하기 전에 여러 번 생각해 보아라.
4. 그 혹은 그녀의 감정을 지지해라. 너는 항상 무엇이 옳고 좋은지 판단할 필요가 없다. 너는 차가운 충고를 하는 것보다 그 혹은 그녀의 감정에 민감해 하는 것이 낫다.
5. 네 충고가 받아들여지지 않더라도 결코 실망하지 말아라. 너는 너의 충고가 좋다고 생각하지만 다른 사람들은 그렇지 않을 수 있다. 그 혹은 그녀가 자신의 결정을 내리게 하여라. 이러한 팁을 기억한다면 너는 좋은 충고자가 될 수 있을 것이다.

Does your friend want to get your **advice**? But giving advice may be difficult. Good advice can help to find the right way in life, while bad advice may **spoil** the life. And sometimes it can be a very **sensitive** matter. Here is something which you'd better follow.

1. Listen carefully to the person and try to understand his or her situation. You need to listen to others' words without any **prejudice**. Being an active listener will help you give good advice.

2. Try to imagine yourself that you are **facing** the same situation. You may think about a similar experience you had or imagine you are that person. It **allows** you to give better advice.

3. What are the bad points or the good points of your advice? Is your advice good for the long term or the short term? Before you give advice to others, try to think **over and over**.

4. **Support** his or her feelings. You don't always need to decide which one is right or good. You'd better be sensitive about his or her feelings than give cold advice.

5. Never be **disappointed** when your advice is not taken. Even if you think your advice is good, others may not think so. Let the person make his or her own **decision**. If you remember these tips, you may be a good advisor.

## Word Check Up

### A Listen and fill in the blanks. Track 11

prejudice / facing / allows / spoil / sensitive  
decision / advice / disappointed / support / over and over

- 1 And sometimes it can be a very sensitive matter.
- 2 You need to listen to others' words without any prejudice.
- 3 Before you give advice to others, try to think over and over.
- 4 Let the person make his or her own decision.
- 5 Try to imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation.
- 6 Never be disappointed when your advice is not taken.
- 7 Does your friend want to get your advice?
- 8 Support his or her feelings.
- 9 It allows you to give better advice.
- 10 Good advice can help to find the right way in life, while bad advice may spoil the life.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

Tip 1 to give advice : Listen  
carefully to the person and  
try to understand his or her  
situation.

Tip 2 to give advice : Try to  
imagine yourself that you are  
facing the same situation.

- ① disappointed when your advice is not taken.
- ② try to think over and over.
- ③ imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation.
- ④ carefully to the person and try to understand his or her situation.

Tip 3 to give advice : Before you  
give advice to others,  
try to think over and over.

Tip 4 to give advice : Never be  
disappointed when your advice  
is not taken.

# Comprehension

## A What is this story about?

- ☒ a. how to give advice
- b. how to decide good advice
- c. what is needed to give advice

## B Choose the right answer.

- 1 What is NOT true about giving advice?
  - a. You don't always need to decide which advice is right or good.
  - b. Being an active listener will help you give good advice.
  - ☒ c. You can be disappointed when your advice is not taken.
- 2 What is true about giving advice?
  - ☒ a. You need to try to imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation.
  - b. You need to listen to others' words with prejudice.
  - c. You don't need to support other's feelings.
- 3 What do you need to do before you give advice to others?
  - a. You need to try to give better advice.
  - ☒ b. You need to try to think over and over.
  - c. You need to let the person make his or her own decision.
- 4 What is better than give cold advice?
  - a. You'd better have prejudice for others than give cold advice.
  - b. You'd better be an active learner than give cold advice.
  - ☒ c. You'd better be sensitive about others' feelings than give cold advice.

### C Read the story and write T or F.

- 1 Giving advice may be very easy.
- 2 Good advice can help to find the right way in life.
- 3 Listen carefully to the person and try to understand his or her situation.
- 4 Before you give advice to others, you can give cold advice first.

F

T

T

F

### D Write the answers.

- 1 What can you think to give better advice?

I may think about a similar experience I had or imagine I am that person.

- 2 What can you do before you give advice to others?

Before I give advice to others, try to think over and over.

- 3 How can you feel when your advice is not taken?

I can be disappointed when my advice is not taken.

### E Complete the story.

good for / situation / follow / sensitive / taken / before  
understand / think / support / similar / prejudice / facing

Here is something which you'd better follow to give advice. First, listen carefully to the person and try to understand his or her situation. You need to listen to others' words without any prejudice. Second, try to imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation. You may think about a similar experience you had or imagine you are that person. Third, what are the bad points or the good points of your advice? Is your advice good for the long term or the short term? Before you give advice to others, try to think over and over. Fourth, support his or her feelings. You'd better be sensitive about his or her feelings than give cold advice. Finally, never be disappointed when your advice is not taken. Let the person make his or her own decision.



# Dictation

## Listen and fill in the blanks.



Track 12

Does your friend want to get your advice?

But giving advice may be difficult.

Good advice can help to find the right way in life, while bad advice may spoil the life. And sometimes it can be a very sensitive matter. Here is something which you'd better follow.

1. Listen carefully to the person and try to understand his or her situation. You need to listen to others' words without any prejudice. Being an active listener will help you give good advice.

2. Try to imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation. You may think about a similar experience you had or imagine you are that person. It allows you to give better advice.

3. What are the bad points or the good points of your advice?  
Is your advice good for the long term or the short term?  
Before you give advice to others, try to think over and over.

4. Support his or her feelings.  
You don't always need to decide which one is right or good.  
You'd better be sensitive about his or her feelings than give cold advice.

5. Never be disappointed when your advice is not taken.  
Even if you think your advice is good, others may not think so.  
Let the person make his or her own decision.  
If you remember these tips, you may be a good advisor.



## Key Vocabulary



Track 13

### communication

의사소통

(n) the process by which people exchange information or express their thoughts and feelings

Language is a tool of **communication**.

언어는 의사소통의 수단이다.

### detail

세부사항

(n) all the separate features and pieces of information about something

Survey **details** have been updated successfully.

설문조사 세부사항이 성공적으로 업데이트 되었다.

### convey

전달하다, 전하다

(v) to communicate or express something, with or without using words

Colors like red **convey** a sense of energy and strength.

빨간색과 같은 색깔은 에너지와 강렬함을 전달한다.

### honor

존경, 경의

(n) the respect that you, your family, your country etc. receive from other people

It represents **honor** and love.

이는 존경과 사랑을 나타낸다.

### verbal

말의, 구두의

(a) spoken rather than written

**Verbal** abuse is a serious crime.

언어 폭력은 심각한 범죄이다.

### memorize

암기하다

(v) to learn something so that you can remember it exactly

She wants us to **memorize** 1,000 words.

그녀는 우리가 1,000개의 단어를 외우기를 원한다.

### arrange

정리하다

(v) to put a group of things or people in a particular order or position

You need to **arrange** with the problem quickly.

너는 그 문제를 가능한 빨리 정리해야 한다.

### effective

효과적인

(a) successful, and working in the way that was intended

The most **effective** defense is offense.

가장 효과적인 방어는 공격이다.

### fluently

유창하게

(ad) speak a language very well

He can speak three different languages **fluently**.

그는 3개 언어를 유창하게 말할 수 있다.

### pronounce

발음하다

(v) to make the sound of a letter, word etc.

Some words are difficult to **pronounce**.

몇몇 단어는 발음하기가 어렵다.



## Get Ready !

*Do you think communication is important?  
To be an effective communicator, what can you do?*

너는 의사소통이 중요하다고 생각하니?  
효율적인 의사소통자가 되기 위해서 무엇을 할 수 있니?

## Listen and read. Track 14

우리는 매일 많이 말하고 듣는다. 그러나 우리는 우리가 말하고 듣는 것이 무엇인지 완벽하게 알지 못한다. 그것은 우리가 의사소통에 문제가 있음을 의미한다. 여기 우리가 대부분의 의사소통문제를 풀 수 있는 간단한 충고들이 있다. 너무 많은 일이 진행되고 있으면, 너는 중요한 세부사항을 놓치기 쉬울 것이다. 한번에 한 건의 대화만 하라. 네가 다른 사람들과 말하고 들을 때는 주의를 기울여라. 눈을 맞추는 것은 진실과 존경을 전달한다는 것을 연구들은 보여준다. 그러나 네가 시끄러운 상황에 있다면 다른 사람들이 무슨 말을 하는지 알기 위해 입술을 보는 것이 도움이 될 수 있다. 말로 하는 의사소통은 쉽게 잊혀진다. 그러므로 중요한 정보를 남기고 싶으면 그것을 적어라. 전체 정보를 기억하기 위해 뇌를 믿지 말아라. 신체 언어로 너의 메시지를 보내라. 손과 얼굴의 제스처를 사용하라. 신체 언어는 말보다 더 많은 것을 이야기 할 수 있다. 네 목소리 톤과 속도도 조절해라. 사람들이 네 목소리가 지루하다고 생각하도록 만들지 말아라. 성우처럼 목소리 연습을 해라. 다른 사람들이 말하는 것을 잘 들어라. 효과적인 의사소통자가 되기 위해서 너는 네가 유창하게 말하는 것만큼 다른 사람들의 말을 들어라. 단어의 뜻을 잘 모른다면, 그것을 사용하지 말아라. 사전을 찾고 그 단어의 정확한 의미를 배워라. 그 이후 그 단어를 정확하게 발음하도록 하여라.

We talk and listen a lot every day. But we don't perfectly understand what we speak and listen to. That means we have problems in communicating. Here are simple tips that will solve most **communication** problems.

If too many things are going on, you're likely to miss important **details**. Have one conversation at a time.

Pay attention when you are talking or listening to others. Studies show that having eye contacts can **convey** truth and **honor**. But if you are in a noisy situation, looking at the lips to find what others are saying may be helpful. **Verbal** communication is easily forgettable. Therefore if you want to leave important information, write it down.

Never trust your brain to **memorize** the whole information. Send your messages with body languages. Use your hands and face gestures. Body languages can say so much more than words.

**Arrange** your voice tone and speed, too. Don't make people think your voice is boring. Practice using your voice like a voice actor.

Listen well to what others are saying. To be an **effective** communicator you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak **fluently**. If you're not sure of the meaning of a word, don't use it. Look up a dictionary and learn the exact meaning of the word. After that, **pronounce** the word correctly.

## Word Check Up

### A Listen and fill in the blanks. Track 15

details / pronounce / verbal / communication / memorize  
convey / arrange / fluently / honor / effective

- 1 Studies show that having eye contacts can convey truth and honor.
- 2 To be an effective communicator you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak fluently.
- 3 Arrange your voice tone and speed, too.
- 4 If too many things are going on, you're likely to miss important details.
- 5 After that, pronounce the word correctly.
- 6 To be an effective communicator you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak fluently.
- 7 Verbal communication is easily forgettable.
- 8 Never trust your brain to memorize the whole information.
- 9 Studies show that having eye contacts can convey truth and honor.
- 10 Here are simple tips that will solve most communication problems.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

Tip 1 to solve most communication problems :  
Have one conversation at a time.

Tip 2 to solve most communication problems :  
If you want to leave important information, write it down.

- ① If you want to leave important information, write it down.
- ② Arrange your voice tone and speed, too.
- ③ Send your messages with body languages.
- ④ Have one conversation at a time.

Tip 3 to solve most communication problems :  
Send your messages with body languages.

Tip 4 to solve most communication problems :  
Arrange your voice tone and speed, too.

# Comprehension

## **A** What is this story about?

- a. types of communication problems
- ☒ b. how to solve most communication problems
- c. what to do to be a fluent communicator

## **B** Choose the right answer.

- 1 What is NOT true about the story?
  - ☒ a. Have two or three conversations at a time.
  - b. Having eye contacts can convey truth and honor.
  - c. Never trust your brain to memorize the whole information.
- 2 What may be helpful when we're in a noisy situation?
  - a. Using body languages.
  - ☒ b. Looking at the lips to find what others are saying.
  - c. Look up a dictionary.
- 3 What should you do if you want to be an effective communicator?
  - a. I should write the conversation down.
  - b. I should use body languages to convey more words.
  - ☒ c. I should listen to other person's words as well as I speak fluently.
- 4 When do you use a dictionary?
  - a. When I want to leave important information, I use a dictionary.
  - ☒ b. When I'm not sure of the meaning of a word, I use a dictionary.
  - c. When I need to make my voice boring, I use a dictionary.

### C Read the story and write T or F.

- 1 Pay attention when you are talking or listening to others.
- 2 Having eye contacts can convey truth and honor.
- 3 We can trust our brain to memorize the whole information.
- 4 Don't make people think your voice is boring.

T

T

F

T

### D Write the answers.

- 1 What will happen if too many things are going on?

If too many things are going on, I'm likely to miss important information.

- 2 What can body languages say?

Body languages can say so much more than words.

- 3 What do you need to do if you're not sure of the meaning of a word?

If I'm not sure of the meaning of a word, I can look up a dictionary and learn the exact meaning of the word.

### E Complete the story.

speed / solve / leave / exact / situation / helpful  
truth / conversation / messages / arrange / honor / meaning

Here are simple tips that will solve most communication problems. Have one conversation at a time. Pay attention when you are talking or listening to others. Studies show that having eye contacts can convey truth and honor. When you are in a noisy situation, looking at the lips to find what others are saying may be helpful. If you want to leave important information, write it down. Send your messages with body languages. Body languages can say so much more than words. Arrange your voice tone and speed, too. Practice using your voice like a voice actor. Listen well to what others are saying. If you're not sure of the meaning of a word, don't use it. Look up a dictionary and learn the exact meaning of the word.

# Dictation

## Listen and fill in the blanks.



Track 16

We talk and listen a lot every day.  
But we don't perfectly understand what we speak and listen to.  
That means we have problems in communicating.  
Here are simple tips that will solve most communication problems.

If too many things are going on, you're likely to miss important details.  
Have one conversation at a time.

Pay attention when you are talking or listening to others.  
Studies show that having eye contacts can convey truth and honor.  
But if you are in a noisy situation, looking at the lips to find what others  
are saying may be helpful.

Verbal communication is easily forgettable.  
Therefore if you want to leave important information, write it down.

Never trust your brain to memorize the whole information.  
Send your messages with body languages. Use your hands  
and face gestures. Body languages can say so much more than words.

Arrange your voice tone and speed, too. Don't make people think  
your voice is boring. Practice using your voice like a voice actor.

Listen well to what others are saying. To be an effective communicator  
you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak  
fluently. If you're not sure of the meaning of a word, don't use it.  
Look up a dictionary and learn the exact meaning of the word.  
After that, pronounce the word correctly.



## Review Check Up

### A Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.

- 1 an opinion you give someone about what they should do  
Does your friend want to get your advice?  
☒ advice  
☐ arrange
- 2 to have a bad effect on something  
Good advice can help to find the right way in life, while bad advice may spoil the life.  
☐ spend  
☒ spoil
- 3 easily upset or offended by events or things that people say  
And sometimes it can be a very sensitive matter.  
☒ sensitive  
☐ safely
- 4 an unreasonable dislike and distrust of people who are different, especially because of their race, sex, religion, etc.  
You need to listen to others' words without any prejudice.  
☒ prejudice  
☐ precaution
- 5 to accept that a difficult situation or problem exists  
Try to imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation.  
☒ face  
☐ fat
- 6 to let someone do or have something, or let something happen  
It allows you to give better advice.  
☒ allow  
☐ about
- 7 many times, repeatedly  
Before you give advice to others, try to think over and over.  
☐ often  
☒ over and over
- 8 to say that you agree with an idea, group, or person, and usually to help them  
Support his or her feelings.  
☐ survive  
☒ support
- 9 to make someone feel unhappy because something they hoped for did not happen  
Never be disappointed when your advice is not taken.  
☐ different  
☒ disappoint
- 10 a choice or judgment that you make after a period of discussion or thought  
Let the person make his or her own decision.  
☐ judge  
☒ decision



## B Circle the right words.

- 1 I don't want to spoil your plan.  
a. speak                      **b. spoil**                      c. show
- 2 What kind of prejudice do you have?  
a. plan                      **b. prejudice**                      c. thinking
- 3 I regret the decision to this day.  
**a. decision**                      b. opinion                      c. decide
- 4 The company is facing a financial crisis.  
a. face                      **b. facing**                      c. fighting

## C Complete the story.

help you give good advice / your advice is not taken  
try to think over and over / imagine you are that person  
try to understand his or her situation

Does your friend want to get your advice? Here is something which you'd better follow. Listen carefully to the person and try to understand his or her situation. You need to listen to others' words without any prejudice. Being an active listener will help you give good advice. Try to imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation. You may think about a similar experience you had or imagine you are that person. It allows you to give better advice. Before you give advice to others, try to think over and over. Support his or her feelings. You don't always need to decide which one is right or good. You'd better be sensitive about his or her feelings than give cold advice. Never be disappointed when your advice is not taken. Even if you think your advice is good, others may not think so. Let the person make his or her own decision.

## Review Check Up

### **A** Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.

- 1 the process by which people exchange information or express their thoughts and feelings

☒ communication  
☐ conversation

Here are some tips that will solve most communication problems.

- 2 all the separate features and pieces of information about something

☒ detail  
☐ diverse

If too many things are going on, you're likely to miss important details.

- 3 to communicate or express something, with or without using words

☐ comfort  
☒ convey

Studies show that having eye contacts can convey truth and honor.

- 4 the respect that you, your family, your country etc. receive from other people

☒ honor  
☐ love

Studies show that having eye contacts can convey truth and honor.

- 5 spoken rather than written

☐ voice  
☒ verbal

Verbal communication is easily forgettable.

- 6 to learn something so that you can remember it exactly

☒ memorize  
☐ commute

Never trust your brain to memorize the whole information.

- 7 to put a group of things or people in a particular order or position

☒ arrange  
☐ adventure

Arrange your voice tone and speed, too.

- 8 successful, and working in the way that was intended

☐ affective  
☒ effective

To be an effective communicator you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak fluently.

- 9 speak a language very well

☒ fluently  
☐ differently

To be an effective communicator you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak fluently.

- 10 to make the sound of a letter, word etc.

☐ announce  
☒ pronounce

After that, pronounce the word correctly.

**B Circle the right words.**

1 Colors like red convey a sense of energy and strength.

a. represent

**(b.)** convey

c. deliver

2 She wants us to memorize 1,000 words.

a. study

b. write

**(c.)** memorize

3 You need to arrange with the problem quickly.

**(a.)** arrange

b. make

c. solve

4 The most effective defense is offense.

a. easy

b. comfortable

**(c.)** effective

**C Complete the summary.**

solve most communication problems  
convey truth and honor / say so much more than words  
one conversation at a time / easily forgettable

We talk and listen a lot every day. But we don't perfectly understand what we speak and listen to. Here are simple tips that will solve most communication problems. If too many things are going on, you're likely to miss important details. Have one conversation at a time. Studies show that having eye contacts can convey truth and honor. But if you are in a noisy situation, looking at the lips to find what others are saying may be helpful. Verbal communication is easily forgettable. Therefore if you want to leave important information, write it down. Send your messages with body languages. Use your hands and face gestures. Body languages can say so much more than words. Arrange your voice tone and speed, too. Listen well to what others are saying. To be an effective communicator you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak fluently.

## Key Vocabulary



Track 17

**technology**

기술

(n) methods, systems, and devices which are the result of scientific knowledge being used for practical purposes

We are living in the age of information **technology**.

우리는 정보기술 시대에 살고 있다.

**evolve**

발달하다, 진화하다

(v) to develop and change gradually over a long period of time

We had to **evolve** in order to survive.

우리는 살아남기 위해 진화해야 했다.

**household**

가정의

(a) relating to looking after a house and the people in it

She takes care of **household** affairs.

그녀는 집안 일거리를 돌본다.

**monitor**

감시하다

(v) to carefully watch and check a situation to see how it changes

The scientists **monitored** two groups of healthy people for 12 weeks.

과학자들은 12주 동안 건강한 사람들의 두 그룹을 감시했다.

**measure**

측정하다, 재다

(v) to find the size, length etc. of something using standard units such as inches, meters, etc.

They are **measuring** the distance around a tree.

그들은 나무 주위의 거리를 측정하고 있다.

**fertilizer**

비료

(n) a substance that is put on the soil to make plants grow

That farmer uses organic **fertilizer**.

그 농부는 유기농 비료를 사용한다.

**detect**

발견하다, 알아내다

(v) to notice or discover something, especially something that is not easy to see, hear, etc.

They used sensors to **detect** water use.

그들은 물 사용량을 탐색하기 위해 센서를 사용했다.

**necessary**

필요한

(a) what you need to have or need to do

Do you think hair treatment is **necessary**?

헤어 트리트먼트가 필요하다고 생각하니?

**attach**

붙이다, 부착하다

(v) to fasten or connect one object to another

He **attached** his photo to his application form.

그는 지원서에 그의 사진을 붙였다.

**handy**

유용한, 편리한

(a) useful

This is so **handy**, so I use it every day.

이것은 매우 유용해서 나는 매일 그것을 사용한다.



## Get Ready !

*What do you think about household robots?  
Do you think those are useful for our living?*

너는 가사도우미 로봇에 대해 어떻게 생각하니?  
로봇이 유용할 것이라 생각하니?

## Listen and read. Track 18

기술이 발달함에 따라 우리의 생활은 점점 더 편해지고 있다. 이제는 이러한 기술은 인간과 비슷한 행동을 하는 로봇들이 생겨나고 있다. 너의 부모님들이 집안일 하는 것에 지쳤는가? 그들은 시간이 거의 없는가? 여기 너의 부모님을 도와드릴 수 있는 몇 가지 멋진 가정용 로봇이 있다.

Pet-Feeder는 너의 개나 고양이를 위해 하루에 두 번 먹이를 준다. 너는 한동안 집을 비우고 너의 애완동물들에게 먹이를 줄 사람이 없는가? 이 안의 시계가 너 대신 신선한 먹이를 줄 것이다. 50달러

Plant Sensor는 너의 식물이 필요한 것을 점검한다. 그것은 태양빛, 흙의 습도, 그리고 비로 수준을 측정한다. 너는 그 정보를 핸드폰으로 받을 수 있다. 식물에 대한 정보가 없어도 식물을 잘 키울 수 있게 된 것이다. 70달러

Supervacuum Robot은 가장 인기 있는 진공 청소 로봇이다. 그것의 몸체는 둥근형이 아니고 구석을 청소하기에 좋다. 그것은 또한 레이저 시력 체계가 있어서 어디를 청소해야 하는지 정확히 발견한다. 이제는 힘들게 시간 내어 청소할 필요가 없어진 것이다. 400달러

Shiny Window 300은 네가 창문을 닦는 것을 도와 준다. 네 개의 커다란 자석으로 그것을 창문에 붙이기만 해라. 그것은 소음 없이 어떤 크기의 창문도 닦을 수 있다. 250달러

이것들은 정말 편리한 로봇들이다. 다른 것이 필요한가? 너는 많은 다른 로봇을 [www.householdrobots.com](http://www.householdrobots.com)에서 볼 수 있다. 한번 방문해서 편안한 삶을 위해 하나 구매해라.

As **technology** develops, our lives become more and more comfortable. Now, these technologies are **evolving** to create robots that behave more like humans. Are your parents tired of doing **household** chores? Do they have little time? Here are some wonderful household robots that can help your parents.

Pet-Feeder gives meals twice a day for your dogs and cats. Do you have to go out for some time and don't have anyone who can feed your pets? The timer inside this will feed fresh meals instead of you.

\$ 50

Plant Sensor **monitors** what your plants need. It **measures** sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels. You can get the information on your mobile phone. Even if you don't have information about plants, you can grow plants well.

\$ 70

Supervacuum Robot is the most popular robot vacuum cleaner. Its body is not round and good for the cleaning of corners. It also has a laser-vision system and **detects** exactly where to vacuum. Now it is no longer **necessary** to take time to clean.

\$ 400

Shiny Window 300 helps you clean your windows. Just **attach** it to windows by four large magnets. It can clean any size of window without any noise.

\$ 250

These are really **handy** robots. Do you need anything else? You can see many other robots at [www.householdrobots.com](http://www.householdrobots.com). Visit here and buy one for your easy life.

## Word Check Up

### A Listen and fill in the blanks. Track 19

detects / monitors / measures / household / technology  
evolving / attach / handy / fertilizer / necessary

- 1 It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels.
- 2 Now, these technologies are evolving to create robots that behave more like humans.
- 3 It also has a laser-vision system and detects exactly where to vacuum.
- 4 Just attach it to windows by four large magnets.
- 5 As technology develops, our lives become more and more comfortable.
- 6 Plant Sensor monitors what your plants need.
- 7 These are really handy robots.
- 8 Now it is no longer necessary to take time to clean.
- 9 It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels.
- 10 Here are some wonderful household robots that can help your parents.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

What Pat-Feeder does :

It gives meals twice a day for you dogs and cats.

What Plant Sensor does :

It monitors what your plants need.

- ① It monitors what your plants need.
- ② It helps you clean your windows.
- ③ It detects where to vacuum and clean the house.
- ④ It gives meals twice a day for you dogs and cats.

What Supervacuum Robot does :

It detects where to vacuum and clean the house.

What Shiny Window does :

It helps you clean your windows.



# Comprehension

## **A** What is this story about?

- a. how to buy household robots
- b.** different types of household robots
- c. how household robots are working

## **B** Choose the right answer.

- 1** What is true about Pet-Feeder?
  - a. It helps you clean your windows.
  - b. It costs \$400.
  - c.** The timer inside this will feed fresh meals instead of you.
- 2** What is NOT true about Plant Sensor?
  - a. It measures sunlight, soil moisture and fertilizer levels.
  - b. It monitors what your plants need.
  - c.** It gives meals twice a day for your dogs and cats.
- 3** What is true about Supervacuum Robot?
  - a. It can clean any size of window without any noise.
  - b.** It is the most popular robot vacuum cleaner.
  - c. It costs \$70.
- 4** What is true about the story?
  - a. Supervacuum Robot monitors what your plants need.
  - b.** Shiny Window 300 helps you clean your windows.
  - c. Plant Sensor has a laser-vision system and detects where to vacuum.



### C Read the story and write T or F.

- 1 As technology develops, our lives become more difficult. F
- 2 You can check the information of Plant Sensor on your mobile phone. T
- 3 Supervacuum Robot's body is round and good for cleaning windows. F
- 4 Pet-Feeder gives meals twice a day for your dogs and cats. T

### D Write the answers.

- 1 What can feed fresh meals to your dogs and cats instead of you?

Pet-Feeder will feed fresh meals instead of you.

- 2 What does Supervacuum Robot have?

It has a laser-vision system and detects exactly where to vacuum.

- 3 What does Plant Sensor measure?

It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels.

### E Complete the story.

popular / clean / wonderful / fertilizer / exactly / magnets  
timer / instead of / noise / windows / vacuum / monitors

Here are some wonderful household robots that can help your parents. Pet-Feeder gives meals twice a day for your dogs and cats. The timer inside this will feed fresh meals instead of you. Plant Sensor monitors what your plants need. It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels. Even if you don't have information about plants, you can grow plants well. Supervacuum Robot is the most popular robot vacuum cleaner. It has a laser-vision system and detects exactly where to vacuum. Shiny Window 300 helps you clean your windows. Just attach it to windows by four large magnets. It can clean any size of window without any noise. These are really handy robots.

# Dictation

## Listen and fill in the blanks.



Track 20

As technology develops, our lives become more and more comfortable. Now, these technologies are evolving to create robots that behave more like humans. Are your parents tired of doing household chores? Do they have little time? Here are some wonderful household robots that can help your parents.

Pet-Feeder gives meals twice a day for your dogs and cats. Do you have to go out for some time and don't have anyone who can feed your pets? The timer inside this will feed fresh meals instead of you. \$ 50

Plant Sensor monitors what your plants need. It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels. You can get the information on your mobile phone. Even if you don't have information about plants, you can grow plants well. \$ 70

Supervacuum Robot is the most popular robot vacuum cleaner. Its body is not round and good for the cleaning of corners. It also has a laser-vision system and detects exactly where to vacuum. Now it is no longer necessary to take time to clean. \$ 400

Shiny Window 300 helps you clean your windows. Just attach it to windows by four large magnets. It can clean any size of window without any noise. \$ 250

These are really handy robots. Do you need anything else? You can see many other robots at [www.householdrobots.com](http://www.householdrobots.com). Visit here and buy one for your easy life.

## Key Vocabulary



Track 21

### effect

효과

(n) a change that is caused by an event, action, etc.

This medicine is of no **effect**.

이 약은 효과가 거의 없다.

### affect

영향을 미치다

(v) to do something that produces an effect or change in something or in someone's situation

How will the new law **affect** your company?

새 법은 당신 회사에 어떤 영향을 줄 것 같나?

### harmful

해로운, 유해한

(a) causing harm

The UV light from the sun is very **harmful**.

태양의 자외선은 아주 해롭다.

### damage

손상을 주다,  
피해를 입히다

(v) to cause physical harm to something or to part of someone's body

Other disk will **damage** the drive.

다른 디스크는 드라이브를 손상시킬 수 있다.

### accident

사고

(n) an event in which a car, train, plane, etc. is damaged and often someone is hurt

Two men were killed in a car **accident**.

두 사람이 자동차 사고로 죽었다.

### realize

깨닫다, 알아차리다

(v) to know and understand something, or suddenly begin to understand it

We didn't **realize** we were talking so loudly.

우리가 너무 크게 떠들고 있는지 몰랐다.

### cause

~을 야기하다, 초래하다

(v) to make something happen, especially something bad

We already know that cell phone use may **cause** cancer.

우리는 핸드폰 사용이 암을 유발할 수 있다는 것을 이미 알고 있다.

### communication

의사소통

(n) the process by which people exchange information or express their thoughts and feelings them

Language is a tool of **communication**.

언어는 의사소통의 수단이다.

### destroy

파괴하다

(v) to damage something so badly that it no longer exists or cannot be used or repaired

Nuclear war can **destroy** all living things.

핵전쟁은 살아 있는 모든 것을 파괴할 수 있다.

### misunderstand

오해하다

(v) to fail to understand someone or something correctly

Sometimes people **misunderstand** each other.

종종 사람들은 서로 오해를 한다.



## Get Ready !

*Do you use your mobile phone often?  
What do you think about too much use of it?*

너는 핸드폰을 자주 사용하니?  
핸드폰의 지나친 사용에 대해 어떻게 생각하니?

## Listen and read. Track 22

우리는 요즘에는 핸드폰 없는 삶을 상상할 수 없다. 그러나 핸드폰의 너무 많은 사용의 나쁜 효과에 대해 생각하니? 핸드폰을 너무 많이 사용하는 것은 우리의 건강에 영향을 미칠 뿐 아니라 몇 가지 문제를 일으킨다. 여러 연구가 핸드폰에서 나오는 파장은 우리의 뇌와 심장에 해롭다는 것을 보여준다. 그 파장은 또한 우리의 주의력과 충분한 잠에도 영향을 미친다. 거기에 핸드폰을 오래 사용하는 것은 우리의 눈과 귀에 손상을 준다. 우리는 음악, 영화, 그리고 게임을 어디서든 핸드폰에서 즐길 수 있다. 그것은 우리를 위험에 빠뜨릴 수 있다. 그것들을 즐기는 동안 우리는 신호등에 주의를 기울이지 않을 수 있거나 누군가와 부딪힐 수 있다. 우리는 종종 핸드폰으로 인한 사고에 대한 TV 뉴스를 들을 수 있다. 이것이 핸드폰의 과다 사용이 얼마나 위험한 것인가를 깨닫게 해준다. 핸드폰은 의사 소통에서도 많은 문제를 일으킬 수도 있다. 핸드폰을 사용하는 것은 직접 대면하고 하는 의사 소통의 즐거움을 없앤다. 우리가 문자를 보낼 때 실수로 다른 사람에게 보낼 수도 있다. 이것은 다른 사람들에 의해 오해로 이어진다. 때때로 우리는 글자를 치면서 다른 사람의 기분을 상하게 하는 실수를 한다. 그래서 우리는 문자를 보낼 때는 항상 주의해야 한다. 핸드폰은 우리의 삶에서 유용하다. 그러나, 그것들을 너무 많이 사용하는 것은 많은 문제를 초래할 수 있다.

We can't imagine the life without mobile phones these days. But do you think about bad **effects** of too much use of mobile phones? Using mobile phones too much not only **affects** our health but also causes some problems.

Several studies show that the waves from mobile phones are **harmful** for our brain and heart. The waves also affect our attention and enough sleep. In addition, long use of mobile phones **damages** our eyes and ears.

We can enjoy music, movies, and games on mobile phones everywhere. That may make us be in danger. While we enjoy them, we may not be careful of traffic signs or may bump into someone. We can often hear the TV news about **accidents** caused by mobile phones. This makes us **realize** how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is.

Mobile phones **cause** a lot of problems in **communication**, too. Using mobile phones **destroys** the pleasure of face to face communication. When we send a text message, we may send to another person by mistake. This leads to a **misunderstanding** of others. Sometimes we make errors while typing that makes others feel bad. So we have to be careful whenever we send a text message.

Mobile phones are useful for our life. However, too much use of them can cause us many problems.

## Word Check Up

### A Listen and fill in the blanks. Track 23

effects / harmful / affects / misunderstanding / realize  
damages / cause / communication / accidents / destroys

- 1 Mobile phones cause a lot of problems in communication, too.
- 2 But do you think about bad effects of too much use of mobile phones?
- 3 This makes us realize how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is.
- 4 We can often hear the TV news about accidents caused by mobile phones.
- 5 Several studies show that the waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart.
- 6 This leads to a misunderstanding of others.
- 7 Using mobile phones destroys the pleasure of face to face communication.
- 8 In addition, long use of mobile phones damages our eyes and ears.
- 9 Using mobile phones too much not only affects our health but also causes some problems.
- 10 Mobile phones cause a lot of problems in communication, too.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

What several studies show :  
They show that the waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart.

While we enjoy music, movies, and games :  
We may not be careful of traffic signs or may bump into someone.

- ① We may not be careful of traffic signs or may bump into someone.
- ② Errors we make while typing make others feel bad.
- ③ We realize how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is.
- ④ They show that the waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart.

What we realize by the TV news about accidents :  
We realize how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is.

What makes others feel bad :  
Errors we make while typing make others feel bad.

# Comprehension

## A What is this story about?

- a. how to use mobile phones effectively
- b. good effects of too much use of mobile phones
- ☒ c. bad effects of too much use of mobile phones

## B Choose the right answer.

- 1 What is NOT true about mobile phone use?
  - a. Too much use of mobile phones can cause us many problems.
  - ☒ b. Too much use of mobile phones can make us healthy.
  - c. Using mobile phones too much affects our health.
- 2 What is true about too much use of mobile phones?
  - ☒ a. Too much use of mobile phones damages our eyes and ears.
  - b. Too much use of mobiles phones enhances our attention and enough sleep.
  - c. Too much use of mobile phones makes others feel good.
- 3 What do several studies show about the waves from mobile phones?
  - ☒ a. They show that the waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart.
  - b. They show that the waves from mobile phones are good for focusing on studying.
  - c. They show that the waves from mobile phones make others feel bad.
- 4 What does using mobile phones destroy?
  - a. It destroys our happiness to meet people in face.
  - b. It destroys our sadness to study hard.
  - ☒ c. It destroys the pleasure of face to face communication.



### C Read the story and write T or F.

- 1 We can live well without mobile phones these days. F
- 2 The waves from mobile phones affect our attention and enough sleep. T
- 3 You can enjoy music, movies, and games on mobile phones everywhere. T
- 4 We never make errors while typing texts. F

### D Write the answers.

- 1 What is harmful for our brain and heart?  
The waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart.
- 2 What makes us realize how dangerous too much use of mobile phone is?  
TV news about accidents caused by mobile phones makes us realize it.
- 3 What can happen when we send a text?  
We may send a text to another person by mistakes.

### E Complete the story.

realize / accidents / dangerous / communication / errors / brain  
by mistake / pleasure / several / traffic / affects / imagine

We can't imagine the life without mobile phones these days. But using mobile phones too much not only affects our health but also causes some problems. Several studies show that the waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart. While we enjoy music, movies, and games, we may not be careful of traffic signs or may bump into someone. We can often hear the TV news about accidents caused by mobile phones. This makes us realize how dangerous too much use of cell phone is. Using mobile phones destroys the pleasure of face to face communication. When we send a text message, we may send to another person by mistake. Sometimes we make errors while typing that makes others feel bad. So you have to be careful whenever you send a text message.

# Dictation

## Listen and fill in the blanks.



Track 24

We can't imagine the life without mobile phones these days. But do you think about bad effects of too much use of mobile phones? Using mobile phones too much not only affects our health but also causes some problems.

Several studies show that the waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart. The waves also affect our attention and enough sleep. In addition, long use of mobile phones damages our eyes and ears.

We can enjoy music, movies, and games on mobile phones everywhere. That may make us be in danger. While we enjoy them, we may not be careful of traffic signs or may bump into someone. We can often hear the TV news about accidents caused by mobile phones. This makes us realize how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is.

Mobile phones cause a lot of problems in communication, too. Using mobile phones destroys the pleasure of face to face communication. When we send a text message, we may send to another person by mistake. This leads to a misunderstanding of others. Sometimes we make errors while typing that makes others feel bad. So we have to be careful whenever we send a text message.

Mobile phones are useful for our life. However, too much use of them can cause us many problems.

## Review Check Up

**A** Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.

- |    |  |  |
|----|--|--|
| 1  | methods, systems, and devices which are the result of scientific knowledge being used for practical purposes<br><u>As technology develops, our lives become more and more comfortable.</u> | <input type="checkbox"/> technique<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> technology |
| 2  | to develop and change gradually over a long period of time<br><u>Now, these technologies are evolving to create robots that behave more like humans.</u>                                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> evolve<br><input type="checkbox"/> evaluate      |
| 3  | relating to looking after a house and the people in it<br><u>Here are some wonderful household robots that can help your parents.</u>  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> household<br><input type="checkbox"/> house      |
| 4  | to carefully watch and check a situation to see how it changes<br><u>Plant Sensor monitors what your plants need.</u>  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> monitor<br><input type="checkbox"/> monster      |
| 5  | to find the size, length etc. of something using standard units such as inches, meters, etc.<br><u>It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels.</u>                         | <input type="checkbox"/> monitor<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> measure      |
| 6  | a substance that is put on the soil to make plants grow<br><u>It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels.</u>  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fertilizer<br><input type="checkbox"/> farmer    |
| 7  | to notice or discover something, especially something that is not easy to see, hear, etc.<br><u>It also has a laser-vision system and detects exactly where to vacuum.</u>                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> detect<br><input type="checkbox"/> discover      |
| 8  | what you need to have or need to do<br><u>Now it is no longer necessary to take time to clean.</u>   | <input type="checkbox"/> need<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> necessary       |
| 9  | to fasten or connect one object to another<br><u>Just attach it to windows by four large magnets.</u>  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> attach<br><input type="checkbox"/> assign        |
| 10 | useful<br><u>These are really handy robots.</u>  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> handy<br><input type="checkbox"/> hand           |

## B Circle the right words.

- 1 The scientists monitored two groups of healthy people for 12 weeks.  
a. tested                      b. monitoring                      **c. monitored**
- 2 We are living in the age of information technology.  
**a. technology**                      b. technique                      c. telecom
- 3 They used sensors to detect water use.  
a. detection                      **b. detect**                      c. define
- 4 They are measuring the distance around a tree.  
a. measure                      **b. measuring**                      c. measurement

## C Complete the summary.

feed fresh meals instead of you  
monitors what your plants need / to windows by four large magnets  
good for the cleaning of corners / become more and more comfortable

As technology develops, our lives become more and more comfortable. Now, these technologies are evolving to create robots that behave more like humans. Pet-Feeder gives meals twice a day for your dogs and cats. The timer inside this will feed fresh meals instead of you. Plant Sensor monitors what your plants need. It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels. Even if you don't have information about plants, you can grow plants well. Supervacuum Robot is the most popular robot vacuum cleaner. Its body is not round and good for the cleaning of corners. Now it is no longer necessary to take time to clean. Shiny Window 300 helps you clean your windows. Just attach it to windows by four large magnets. These are really handy robots. Do you need anything else?

## Review Check Up

### A Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.

- 1 a change that is caused by an event, action, etc.  
But do you think about bad effects of too much use of mobile phones?

☒ effect  
☐ affect
- 2 to do something that produces an effect or change in something or in someone's situation  
Using mobile phones too much not only affects our health but also causes some problems.

☒ affect  
☐ effect
- 3 causing harm  
Several studies show that the waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart.

☐ hateful  
☒ harmful
- 4 to cause physical harm to something or to part of someone's body  
In addition, long use of mobile phones damages our eyes and ears.

☒ damage  
☐ design
- 5 an event in which a car, train, plane, etc. is damaged and often someone is hurt  
We can often hear the TV news about accidents caused by mobile phones.

☒ accident  
☐ assign
- 6 to know and understand something, or suddenly begin to understand it  
This makes us realize how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is.

☐ real  
☒ realize
- 7 to make something happen, especially something bad  
Mobile phones cause a lot of problems in communication, too.

☒ cause  
☐ happen
- 8 the process by which people exchange information or express their thoughts and feelings  
Mobile phones cause a lot of problems in communication, too.

☐ transportation  
☒ communication
- 9 to damage something so badly that it no longer exists or cannot be used or repaired  
Using mobile phones destroys the pleasure of face to face communication.

☒ destroy  
☐ divide
- 10 to fail to understand someone or something correctly  
This leads to a misunderstanding of others.

☒ misunderstand  
☐ understand

## B Circle the right words.

- 1 The UV light from the sun is very harmful.  
a. peaceful                      **b. harmful**                      c. hateful
- 2 We already know that cell phone use may cause cancer.  
a. causing                      **b. cause**                      c. because
- 3 Nuclear war can destroy all living things.  
a. deduct                      b. destroying                      **c. destroy**
- 4 Sometimes people misunderstand each other.  
**a. misunderstand**                      b. understanding                      c. undergoes

## C Complete the summary.

can cause us many problems / harmful for our brain and heart  
damages our eyes and ears / too much use of mobile phones  
how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is

Do you think about bad effects of too much use of mobile phones? The waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart. They also affect our attention and enough sleep. In addition, long use of mobile phones damages our eyes and ears. We can enjoy music, movies, and games on mobile phones everywhere. That may make us be in danger. We can often hear the TV news about accidents caused by mobile phones. This makes us realize how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is. Mobile phones cause a lot of problems in communication, too. When we send a text message, we may send to another person by mistake. This leads to a misunderstanding of others. Mobile phones are useful for our life. However, too much use of them can cause us many problems.



## Key Vocabulary



Track 25

**former**

이전의, 과거의

(a) happening or existing before, but not now

She was a **former** Miss Korea.

그녀는 이전의 미스코리아였다.

**communist**

공산주의자

(n) someone who is a member of a political party that supports communism

I didn't realize he was a **communist**.

나는 그가 공산주의자였는지 몰랐다.

**organ**

기관

(n) an organization that is part of, or works for, a larger organization or group

Many **organs** belong to the government.

많은 기관들이 정부에 속해 있다.

**establish**

설립하다, 수립하다

(v) to start a company, organization, system, etc.

We need to **establish** a healthy drinking culture.

올바른 음주 문화를 수립해야 한다.

**tragedy**

비극

(n) a very sad event, that shocks people because it involves death

September eleventh was a day of **tragedy** and terror.

9월 11일은 비극과 테러의 날이다.

**prevent**

예방하다, 방지하다

(v) to stop something from happening, or stop someone from doing something

This rule can **prevent** bullying and fighting.

이 규정은 괴롭힘과 싸움을 예방할 수 있다.

**promote**

장려하다, 촉진하다

(v) to help something to develop or increase

This is no way to **promote** equality.

이것은 평등을 장려하는 방법은 아니다.

**prosperity**

번영, 번성

(n) when people have money and everything that is needed for a good life

We wish you happiness and **prosperity**.

우리는 당신의 행복과 번영을 기원한다.

**protect**

보호하다, 지키다

(v) to keep someone or something safe from harm, damages, etc.

Parents have the right to **protect** their children.

부모는 자녀를 보호할 권리가 있다.

**equality**

평등

(n) a situation in which people have the same rights, advantages, etc.

He fought for **equality** till the day he died.

그는 죽을 때까지 평등을 위해 싸웠다.



## Get Ready !

*Have you heard about the UN?  
Do you know what the UN is for?*

유엔에 대해 들어본 적이 있니?  
유엔이 무엇을 하는지 아니?

## Listen and read. Track 26

유엔에 대해 들어본 적 있니? 유엔이 무엇을 하는지 아니?  
전 미국 대통령 프랭클린 루즈벨트가 1942년에 "연합된 나라들"이라는 이름을  
2차 세계대전 중에 처음 사용하였다. 그 시기에 26개국 나라는 공산주의자들에  
대항하여 함께 계속 싸울 것을 동의하였다. 1945년 50개국 나라는 샌프란시스코  
에서 만나서 유엔을 만들었다. 유엔의 주요기관들은 주의회, 안전보장이사회,  
경제사회 이사회가 있다. 모든 것들이 유엔이 만들어질 때인 1945년에 설립되었  
다. 유엔은 2차세계대전의 비극 이후에 만들어졌다. 그래서 그것의 주요임무는  
국제평화와 안전을 유지하는 것이다. 유엔은 갈등을 예방하는 일을 하고 분쟁  
지역의 사람들을 돕는 일을 수행한다.  
사람들의 안녕을 증진하는 것은 유엔의 또 다른 주요초점이다.  
안녕에 대한 국제적인 이해는 시간이 흐르면서 변해왔는데 나라들은 이제 안녕에  
대한 합의를 이루어가고 있다. 이것의 주된 목적은 번영, 경제적 기회, 그리고 환  
경으로부터의 보호를 증진하는 것이다. 유엔은 또한 세계인권선언이 1948년에  
만들어진 이래로 인간의 권리를 보호해 오고 있다.  
유엔은 또한 기후 변화, 건강 비상, 성 평등, 식량 생산에 대해서도 일해왔다.  
그것은 현재 193 회원국으로 구성되어 있다. 본부는 미국 뉴욕 시에 있다.  
유엔의 날은 매년 10월 24일 기념된다.

Have you heard about the UN? Do you know what the UN is for?

The **former** United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name "United Nations" in 1942 during the Second World War. At that time 26 nations agreed to continue fighting together against the **communists**. In 1945, 50 countries met in San Francisco and developed the United Nations.

The main **organs** of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council. All were **established** in 1945 when the UN was founded.

The UN was made after the **tragedy** of the Second World War. Therefore its goal is to maintain international peace and security. The UN does this by working to **prevent** conflict and helping people in conflict areas.

Improving people's well-being is another main focus of the UN. The global understanding of well-being has changed over time, and countries now have agreed with the means of well-being. Its main purpose is to **promote prosperity** and economic opportunity, and protection of the environment.

The UN has also **protected** human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948. The UN has also worked on climate change, health emergencies, gender **equality**, and food production.

It is currently made up of 193 member states. It's headquarter is based in New York City, U.S.A. United Nations Day is celebrated on every October 24th.

## Word Check Up

### A Listen and fill in the blanks. Track 27

prevent / communists / promote / prosperity / former  
organs / protected / tragedy / equality / established

- 1 The main organs of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council.
- 2 That is to promote prosperity and economic opportunity, and protection of the environment.
- 3 The UN does this by working to prevent conflict and helping people in conflict areas.
- 4 The former United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name "United Nations" in 1942 during the Second World War.
- 5 The UN has also protected human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948.
- 6 At that time 26 nations agreed to continue fighting together against the communists.
- 7 The UN was made after the tragedy of the Second World War.
- 8 The UN has also worked on climate change, health emergencies, gender equality, and food production.
- 9 Its main purpose is to promote prosperity and economic opportunity, and protection of the environment.
- 10 All were established in 1945 when the UN was founded.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

Who first used the name  
"United Nations" :  
The former United States President  
Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the  
name "United Nations".

What are the main organs of the  
UN : The main organs of the UN  
are the General Assembly, the Security  
Council, the Economic and Social  
Council.

- ① climate change, health emergencies, gender equality, and food production.
- ② the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council.
- ③ The former United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name "United Nations".
- ④ Therefore its goal is to maintain international peace and security.

The UN was made after the  
tragedy of the Second World War :  
Therefore its goal is to maintain  
international peace and security.

The UN has worked on :  
It has worked on  
climate change, health  
emergencies, gender equality, and  
food production.

# Comprehension

## A What is this story about?

- a. members of the UN
- b. where the UN is
- ☒ c. what the UN is for

## B Choose the right answer.

- 1 What is NOT true about the UN?
  - a. Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name "United Nations" in 1942.
  - ☒ b. 30 nations agreed to continue fighting together against the communists.
  - c. In 1945, 50 countries met in San Francisco and developed the United Nations.
- 2 What is goal of the UN?
  - ☒ a. It's goal is to maintain international peace and security.
  - b. It's goal is to remove communism.
  - c. It's goal is to prevent the Second World War.
- 3 What is another main focus of the UN?
  - a. Working on climate changes is another main focus of the UN.
  - b. Establishing a community for food protection is another main focus of the UN.
  - ☒ c. Improving people's well-being is another main focus of the UN.
- 4 What is the main purpose of well-being?
  - a. It is to maintain climate change, health emergencies, gender equality, and food protection.
  - b. It is to protect human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made.
  - ☒ c. It is to promote prosperity and economic opportunity, and protection of the environment.

## C Read the story and write T or F.

- 1 In 1945, 50 countries met in San Francisco and developed the United Nations. T
- 2 All main organs were established in 1948 when the UN was founded. F
- 3 The UN was made after the tragedy of the Second World War. T
- 4 The headquarter of the UN is based in San Francisco, U.S.A. F

## D Write the answers.

- 1 What are the main organs of the UN?  
The main organs of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council.
- 2 When was the Universal Declaration of Human Rights made?  
The Universal Declaraion of Human Rights was made in 1948.
- 3 How many member states are made up the UN currently?  
It is currently made up of 193 member states.

## E Complete the story.

founded / security / developed / established / goal / focus  
well-being / maintain / emergencies / made up / production / countries

The former United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name “United Nations” in 1942 during the Second World War. In 1945, 50 countries met in San Francisco and developed the United Nations. The main organs of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council. All were established in 1945 when the UN was founded. The UN’s goal is to maintain international peace and security. Improving people’s well-being is another main focus of the UN. The UN has also protected human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948. The UN has also worked on climate change, health emergencies, gender equality, and food production. It is currently made up of 193 member states.



# Dictation

## Listen and fill in the blanks.



Track 28

Have you heard about the UN? Do you know what the UN is for?

The former United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name "United Nations" in 1942 during the Second World War. At that time 26 nations agreed to continue fighting together against the communists. In 1945, 50 countries met in San Francisco and developed the United Nations.

The main organs of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council. All were established in 1945 when the UN was founded.

The UN was made after the tragedy of the Second World War. Therefore its goal is to maintain international peace and security. The UN does this by working to prevent conflict and helping people in conflict areas.

Improving people's well-being is another main focus of the UN. The global understanding of well-being has changed over time, and countries now have agreed with the means of well-being. Its main purpose is to promote prosperity and economic opportunity, and protection of the environment.

The UN has also protected human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948. The UN has also worked on climate change, health emergencies, gender equality, and food production.

It is currently made up of 193 member states. It's headquarter is based in New York City, U.S.A. United Nations Day is celebrated on every October 24th.



## Key Vocabulary



Track 29

**disease**

질병, 병

(n) an illness which affects a person, animal or plant

**Disease** should be treated at the very beginning.

병은 초기에 치료해야 한다.

**carry out**

수행하다, 실행하다

to do something that needs to be organized and planned

The plan is impossible to **carry out**.

그 계획은 실행이 불가능하다.

**identical**

동일한, 똑같은

(a) exactly the same, or very similar

In effect, the two systems are **identical**.

사실상 두 시스템은 동일하다.

**fund**

기금, 자금

(n) an amount of money that is collected and kept for a particular purpose

The **fund** will be ready in 2012.

이 기금은 2012년에 준비될 것이다.

**invaluable**

매우 유용한, 귀중한

(a) extremely useful

He had an **invaluable** experience while traveling.

그는 여행하는 동안 귀중한 경험을 쌓았다.

**contribute**

기부하다, 기증하다

(v) to give money, help, idea etc. to something

He **contributed** all his savings to the charity.

그는 모든 저축액을 자선 단체에 기부했다.

**donor**

기부자, 기증자

(n) a person, group, etc. that gives something, especially money, to an organization or country

I don't want to be an organ **donor**.

나는 장기 기증자가 되기 싫다.

**representative**

대표, 대리인

(n) someone who has been chosen to speak, vote, or make decision for someone else

She is the Korean **representative**.

그녀는 한국 대표이다.

**budget**

예산, 비용

(n) the money that is available to an organization or person, or a plan of how it will be spent

We need to reduce our **budget**.

우리는 예산을 줄여야 한다.

**poverty**

가난, 빈곤

(n) the situation or experience of being poor

**Poverty** is a hard problem to solve.

빈곤은 해결하기 어려운 문제이다.



## Get Ready !

*Have you ever heard about UNICEF?  
What do you know about UNICEF?*

유니세프에 대해 들어본 적이 있니?  
유니세프에 대해 알고 있는 것이 있니?

## Listen and read. Track 30

너는 아마 유니세프라는 단어를 들어본 적이 있을 것이다. 2차 세계대전 이후, 유럽의 아이들은 배고픔과 질병에 직면했다. 유니세프(United Nations Children's Fund)는 1946년 12월에 창설되었다. 그것은 아이들에게 식량, 의류 그리고 건강 물품을 제공하기 위해 유엔에 의해 만들어졌다. 뉴욕에 유니세프의 본부와 각 나라의 사무소는 동일한 프로그램으로 유니세프의 임무를 수행한다. 지역 사무소가 이 일을 지도하고 필요하면 나라의 사무소에 기술적인 도움을 제공한다. 유니세프는 개발 도상국의 아이들과 어머니들에게 장기적인 도움을 제공한다. 그곳은 기금을 조성하고, 유니세프 인사 카드와 제품을 팔면서 아이들의 권리를 증진하고, 다른 귀중한 지원을 제공한다. 유니세프는 완전히 자발적인 자금으로 지원을 받는다. 정부들은 자원의 2/3 정도를 기부하고, 사적인 단체들과 약 6백만 개인 기부자들이 나머지 절반을 제공한다. 유니세프 일의 모든 것을 안내하고 감독하는 것은 정부대표들 중 36개국 이사회에서 이루어진다. 그들은 정책을 만들고, 프로그램을 승인하고, 예산을 어떻게 쓸지를 결정한다. 많은 캠페인 중에서 유니세프를 위한 "트릭-오어-트릿"은 1950년에 사탕이상의 도움을 필요로 하는 아이들을 돕기 위한 방법으로 시작되었다. 그 이후로, 전 미국에 걸친 아이들이 할로윈 데이에 "유니세프를 위한 트릭-오어-트릿이에요!" 라고 외치면서 유니세프 현금함을 가지고 집집마다 다니고 있다. 이 자금모음 캠페인은 가난, 전쟁, 혹은 자연재해를 겪는 나라에 사는 아이들을 위한 것이다. 미국아이들은 1950년 이래로 유니세프를 위해 1억 7천 5백만 달러 이상을 모았다.

You probably heard the word UNICEF. After World War II, European children faced hunger and **disease**. UNICEF (United Nations Children's Fund) was created in December 1946. It was made by the United Nations to provide food, clothing and health care to them.

UNICEF's headquarter is in New York and each country office **carries out** UNICEF's mission through an **identical** program. Regional offices guide this work and provide technical help to country offices as needed. UNICEF provides long-term help to children and mothers in developing countries. It promotes children's rights by raising **funds** and selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other **invaluable** support.

UNICEF is supported entirely by voluntary funds. Governments **contribute** two thirds of the resources; private groups and some 6 million individual **donors** contribute the rest.

Guiding and monitoring all of UNICEF's work is done by a 36-member Executive Board of government **representatives**. They establish policies, approve programs, and decide on how to use **budgets**.

Among many campaigns "Trick-or-Treat" for UNICEF began in 1950 for helping kids who need more than candy. Since then, children all over America have gone door-to-door on Halloween with UNICEF collection boxes, calling out, "Trick-or-Treat for UNICEF!" This fund raising campaign is for the kids who live in countries of **poverty**, war, or natural disaster. American children have raised more than \$175 million for UNICEF since 1950.

## Word Check Up

### A Listen and fill in the blanks. Track 31

contribute / identical / representatives / disease / funds  
carries out / budgets / invaluable / poverty / donors

- 1 This fund raising campaign is for the kids who live in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster.
- 2 Governments contribute two thirds of the resources; private groups and some 6 million individual donors contribute the rest.
- 3 Guiding and monitoring all of UNICEF's work is done by a 36-member Executive Board of government representatives.
- 4 They establish policies, approve programs, and decide on how to use budgets.
- 5 It promotes children's rights by raising funds.
- 6 UNICEF's headquarter is in New York and each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through an identical program.
- 7 It promotes children's rights by selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other invaluable support.
- 8 After World War II, European children faced hunger and disease.
- 9 UNICEF's headquarter is in New York and each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through an identical program.
- 10 Governments contribute two thirds of the resources; private groups and some 6 million individual donors contribute the rest.

### Smart Brainstorming

Choose and complete the organizer.

What each country office of UNICEF carries out :

They carry out UNICEF's mission through an identical program.

What regional offices do :

They guide the work and provide technical help to country offices as needed.

- ① They carry out UNICEF's mission through an identical program.
- ② selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other invaluable support.
- ③ "Trick-or-Treat" for UNICEF began in 1950 for helping kids who need more than candy.
- ④ They guide the work and provide technical help to country offices as needed.

What UNICEF promotes : It promotes children's rights by raising funds and selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other invaluable support.

When "Trick-or-Treat" campaign began :  
"Trick-or-Treat" for UNICEF began in 1950 for helping kids who need more than candy.

# Comprehension

## A What is this story about?

- a. original meaning of UNICEF
- ☒ b. what UNICEF does
- c. where UNICEF is

## B Choose the right answer.

- 1 What is NOT true about UNICEF?
  - ☒ a. Its headquarter is in Europe.
  - b. It was created in December 1946.
  - c. It was made by the United Nations to provide food, clothing and health care to children.
- 2 What is NOT true about UNICEF?
  - a. It is supported entirely by the funds of governments.
  - b. It promotes doctor's rights by raising funds and selling UNICEF greeting cards.
  - ☒ c. It provides long-term help to children and mothers in developing countries.
- 3 What does the 36-member Executive Board of government representatives do?
  - ☒ a. They establish policies, approve programs, and decide on how to use budgets.
  - b. They sell the UN greeting cards and provides other invaluable support.
  - c. They work on climate change and gender equality.
- 4 What is the "Trick-or-Treat" campaign for?
  - a. It is for mothers who live in developing countries.
  - ☒ b. It is for kids who live in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster.
  - c. It is for kids who are selling UNICEF greeting cards and products.

### C Read the story and write T or F.

- |  |              |
|--|--------------|
| 1 After World War II, European children faced hunger and disease.                  | <div>T</div> |
| 2 Each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through different programs.     | <div>F</div> |
| 3 UNICEF is supported entirely by voluntary funds.                                 | <div>T</div> |
| 4 "Trick-or-Treat" for UNICEF began in 1946 to help kids who need more than candy. | <div>F</div> |

### D Write the answers.

- 1 When was UNICEF created?  
UNICEF was created in December 1946.
- 2 Why was UNICEF made?  
It was made to provide food, clothing and health care to children.
- 3 What does UNICEF provide?  
It provides long-term help to children and mothers in developing countries.

### E Complete the story.

monitoring / created / greeting / funds / provide / help  
entirely / health / developing / campaigns / poverty / promotes

UNICEF (United Nations Children's Fund) was created in December 1946. It was made by the United Nations to provide food, clothing and health care to poor children. UNICEF provides long-term help to children and mothers in developing countries. It promotes children's rights by raising funds and selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other invaluable support. UNICEF is supported entirely by voluntary funds. Guiding and monitoring all of UNICEF's work is done by a 36-member Executive Board of government representatives. Among many campaigns "Trick-or-Treat" for UNICEF began in 1950 for helping kids who need more than candy. This fund raising campaign is for the kids who live in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster.



# Dictation

## Listen and fill in the blanks.



You probably heard the word UNICEF.

After World War II, European children faced hunger and disease. UNICEF (United Nations Children's Fund) was created in December 1946. It was made by the United Nations to provide food, clothing and health care to them.

UNICEF's headquarter is in New York and each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through an identical program.

Regional offices guide this work and provide technical help to country offices as needed. UNICEF provides long-term help to children and mothers in developing countries. It promotes children's rights by raising funds and selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other invaluable support.

UNICEF is supported entirely by voluntary funds. Governments contribute two thirds of the resources; private groups and some 6 million individual donors contribute the rest.

Guiding and monitoring all of UNICEF's work is done by a 36-member Executive Board of government representatives. They establish policies, approve programs, and decide on how to use budgets.

Among many campaigns "Trick-or-Treat" for UNICEF began in 1950 for helping kids who need more than candy. Since then, children all over America have gone door-to-door on Halloween with UNICEF collection boxes, calling out, "Trick-or-Treat for UNICEF!" This fund raising campaign is for the kids who live in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster. American children have raised more than \$175 million for UNICEF since 1950.



## Review Check Up

**A** Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.

- 1 happening or existing before, but not now  
The former United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name "United Nations" in 1942 during the Second World War.

☒ former  
☐ before
- 2 someone who is a member of a political party that supports communism  
At that time 26 nations agreed to continue fighting together against the communists.

☒ communist  
☐ communicate
- 3 an organization that is part of, or works for, a larger organization or group  
The main organs of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council.

☐ oral  
☒ organ
- 4 to start a company, organization, system, etc.  
All were established in 1945 when the UN was founded.

☒ establish  
☐ interesting
- 5 a very sad event, that shocks people because it involves death  
The UN was made after the tragedy of the Second World War.

☒ tragedy  
☐ travel
- 6 to stop something from happening, or stop someone from doing something  
The UN does this by working to prevent conflict and helping people in conflict areas.

☐ protect  
☒ prevent
- 7 to help something to develop or increase  
Its main purpose is to promote prosperity and economic opportunity, and protection of the environment.

☐ prevent  
☒ promote
- 8 when people have money and everything that is needed for a good life  
Its main purpose is to promote prosperity and economic opportunity, and protection of the environment.

☒ prosperity  
☐ property
- 9 to keep someone or something safe from harm, damages, etc.  
The UN has also protected human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948.

☒ protect  
☐ promote
- 10 a situation in which people have the same rights, advantages, etc.  
The UN has also worked on climate change, health emergencies, gender equality, and food production.

☐ equal  
☒ equality

**B Circle the right words.**

- 1 We need to establish a healthy drinking culture.  
a. establishment      **(b.) establish**      c. protect
- 2 Parents have the right to protect their children.  
a. protected      **(b.) protect**      c. promote
- 3 September eleventh was a day of tragedy and terror.  
a. pleasure      b. happiness      **(c.) tragedy**
- 4 He fought for equality till the day he died.  
**(a.) equality**      b. equal      c. different

**C Complete the summary.**

continue fighting together against the communists  
made up of 193 member states / the tragedy of the Second World War  
maintain international peace and security / when the UN was founded

The former United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name “United Nations” in 1942 during the Second World War. At that time 26 nations agreed to continue fighting together against the communists. The main organs of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council. All were established in 1945 when the UN was founded. The UN was made after the tragedy of the Second World War. Therefore its goal is to maintain international peace and security. Improving people’s well-being is another main focus of the UN. The UN has also protected human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948. The UN has also worked on climate change, health emergencies, gender equality, and food production. It is currently made up of 193 member states.

## Review Check Up

### A Check the correct words. Then find the sentences in the text and write them.

- 1 an illness which affects a person, animal or plant  
After World War II, European children faced hunger and disease.

☒ disease  
☐ disaster
- 2 to do something that needs to be organized and planned  
UNICEF's headquarter is in New York and each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through an identical program.

☐ carry  
☒ carry out
- 3 exactly the same, or very similar  
UNICEF's headquarter is in New York and each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through an identical program.

☒ identical  
☐ idea
- 4 an amount of money that is collected and kept for a particular purpose  
It promotes children's rights by raising funds and selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other invaluable support.

☒ fund  
☐ money
- 5 extremely useful  
It promotes children's rights by raising funds and selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other invaluable support.

☐ valuable  
☒ invaluable
- 6 to give money, help, idea etc. to something  
Governments contribute two thirds of the resources; private groups and some 6 million individual donors contribute the rest.

☒ contribute  
☐ combine
- 7 a person, group, etc. that gives something, especially money, to an organization or country  
Governments contribute two thirds of the resources; private groups and some 6 million individual donors contribute the rest.

☒ donor  
☐ donate
- 8 someone who has been chosen to speak, vote, or make decision for someone else  
Guiding and monitoring all of UNICEF's work is done by a 36-member Executive Board of government representatives.

☒ representative  
☐ present
- 9 the money that is available to an organization or person, or a plan of how it will spent  
They establish policies, approve programs, and decide on how to use budgets.

☐ donor  
☒ budget
- 10 the situation or experience of being poor  
This fund raising campaign is for the kids who live in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster.

☒ poverty  
☐ rich

## B Circle the right words.

- 1 He had an invaluable experience while traveling.  
 (a.) invaluable                      b. valuable                      c. value
- 2 We need to reduce our budget.  
 (a.) budget                      b. money                      c. debt
- 3 He contributed all his savings to the charity  
 a. contribution                      b. construct                      (c.) contributed
- 4 Disease should be treated at the very beginning.  
 a. fund                      b. poverty                      (c.) disease

## C Complete the summary.

live in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster.  
 faced hunger and disease / provides other invaluable support  
 an identical program / to children and mothers in developing countries

After World War II, European children faced hunger and disease. UNICEF was made by the United Nations to provide food, clothing and health care to them. Each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through an identical program. Regional offices guide this work and provide technical help to country offices as needed. UNICEF provides long-term help to children and mothers in developing countries. It promotes children's rights by raising funds and selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other invaluable support. Guiding and monitoring all of UNICEF's work is done by a 36-member Executive Board of government representatives. Among many campaigns "Trick-or-Treat" for UNICEF began in 1950 for helping kids who need more than candy. This fund raising campaign is for the kids who live in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster.

This image shows a blank memo pad template. At the top center, there is a purple rectangular tab with the word "MEMO" written in bold, green, uppercase letters. The main body of the memo pad is white and features horizontal ruling lines. The entire page is framed by a decorative border consisting of alternating green and purple squares. The corners of the memo pad are rounded.

# I LOVE READING



WORK BOOK



## Vocabulary List

English	Korean	English	Korean	
comfortably	편안하게	recently	최근에	Unit 1
beat	(심장이) 고동치다, 뛰다	faint	기절하다, 졸도하다	
beneath	아래에, 밑에	signboard	간판	
garage	차고, 주차장	location	장소, 위치	
lift	들어 올리다	CPR	심폐 소생술	
several	몇몇의	allow	허락하다, 용납하다	
rural	시골의, 지방의	rare	드문, 희귀한	Unit 2
variety	여러 가지, 갖가지	countryside	시골지역	
career	직업, 경력	community	지역사회, 공동체	
cultural life	문화생활	chance	기회, 가능성	
complicate	복잡하게 만들다	department	부서, 학과	
pollution	오염	peaceful	평화로운	
advice	조언, 충고	over and over	반복해서, 되풀이해서	Unit 3
spoil	망치다	support	지지하다	
sensitive	예민한, 민감한	disappoint	실망시키다	
prejudice	편견	decision	결정, 판단	
face	직면하다	situation	상황	
allow	허락, 용납하다	similar	유사한, 비슷한	
communication	의사소통	arrange	정리하다	Unit 4
detail	세부사항	effective	효과적인	
convey	전달하다, 전하다	fluently	유창하게	
honor	존경, 경의	pronounce	발음하다	
verbal	말의, 구두의	perfectly	완벽하게	
memorize	암기하다	eye contact	시선 마주침	

English	Korean	English	Korean
technology	기술	detect	발견하다, 알아내다
evolve	발달하다, 진화하다	necessary	필요한
household	가정의	attach	붙이다, 부착하다
monitor	감시하다	handy	유용한, 편리한
measure	측정하다, 재다	instead of	~ 대신에
fertilizer	비료	information	정보
effect	영향, 효과	cause	~을 야기하다, 초래하다
affect	영향을 미치다	communication	의사소통
harmful	해로운, 유해한	destroy	파괴하다
damage	손상을 주다, 피해를 입히다	misunderstand	오해하다
accident	사고	traffic sign	교통표지
realize	깨닫다, 알아차리다	by mistake	잘못하여, 실수로
former	이전의, 과거의	promote	장려하다, 촉진하다
communist	공산주의자	prosperity	번영, 번성
organ	기관	protect	보호하다, 지키다
establish	설립하다, 수립하다	equality	평등
tragedy	비극	agree	동의하다
prevent	예방하다, 방지하다	security	보안, 안보
disease	질병, 병	donor	기부자, 기증자
carry out	수행하다, 실행하다	representative	대표, 대리인
identical	동일한, 똑같은	budget	예산, 비용
fund	기금, 자금	poverty	가난, 빈곤
invaluable	매우 유용한, 귀중한	provide	제공하다
contribute	기부하다, 기증하다	entirely	전적으로, 완전히

Unit 5

Unit 6

Unit 7

Unit 8

## Test 1

Write each word and its Korean meaning.

Score : / 24

No.	English	Korean	No.	Korean	English
1	comfortably	편안하게	13	들어 올리다	lift
2	beat	(심장이) 고동치다, 뛰다	14	몇몇의	several
3	beneath	아래에, 밑에	15	간판	signboard
4	garage	차고, 주차장	16	장소, 위치	location
5	lift	들어 올리다	17	심폐 소생술	CPR
6	several	몇몇의	18	최근에	recently
7	recently	최근에	19	기절하다, 졸도하다	faint
8	faint	기절하다, 졸도하다	20	아래에, 밑에	beneath
9	signboard	간판	21	차고, 주차장	garage
10	location	장소, 위치	22	편안하게	comfortably
11	CPR	심폐 소생술	23	(심장이) 고동치다, 뛰다	beat
12	allow	허락하다, 용납하다	24	허락하다, 용납하다	allow

## Test 2

### A Choose the words and fill in the blanks.

CPR / back from / allow / fell down / several / for help

- 1 He fell down on the ground.
- 2 These people allow us to live comfortably and safely in this society.
- 3 Though he had several broken bones, she saved his life.
- 4 One day his father and he were driving back from a shopping mall.
- 5 With his help, his mother could know their location and called the police for help.
- 6 At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest.

### B Choose and complete the sentences.

because of his heart problem  
they didn't know what to do  
to get his heart beating again  
was taken to the hospital

- 1 Everyone was very surprised and they didn't know what to do.
- 2 He was taken to the hospital and became healthy.
- 3 She did CPR to get his heart beating again.
- 4 His father suddenly fainted because of his heart problem.

## Summary Make up

Choose and complete the summary.

heart problem / broken / safely / beating  
stuck / signboard / learned / surprised

Introduction	<p>There are many people who are very brave around us. These people allow us to live comfortably and <u>safely</u> in this society.</p>
Body	<p>Ian, 8 years-old, was hit hard by a baseball. He fell down on the ground. Everyone was very <u>surprised</u> and they didn't know what to do. At that time, a woman named Maureen ran to help and did CPR on his chest. With her help, his heart beat again. He was taken to the hospital and became healthy. Without her help, Ian couldn't live.</p> <p>Lauren, 22 years-old, found her father <u>stuck</u> beneath his car in the garage. She thought her father could die. So she lifted the car with her super power and pulled him out. She did CPR to get his heart <u>beating</u> again. Though he had several <u>broken</u> bones, she saved his life.</p> <p>Danny, 5 years-old, had recently <u>learned</u> the alphabets at school. One day his father and he were driving back from a shopping mall. His father suddenly fainted because of his <u>heart problem</u>. Danny called his mother for help. She asked him where they were.</p> <p>Danny tried to read the <u>signboard</u> on the street and read the alphabet letters. With his help, his mother could know their location and called the police for help.</p>
Conclusion	<p>Do you think you are also brave like these people? Have you ever helped any other people?</p>

## Test 1

Write each word and its Korean meaning.

Score : / 24

No.	English	Korean	No.	Korean	English
1	rural	시골의, 지방의	13	평화로운	peaceful
2	variety	여러 가지, 갖가지	14	시골의, 지방의	rural
3	career	직업, 경력	15	기회, 가능성	chance
4	cultural life	문화생활	16	부서, 학과	department
5	complicate	복잡하게 만들다	17	시골지역	countryside
6	pollution	오염	18	지역사회, 공동체	community
7	rare	드문, 희귀한	19	오염	pollution
8	countryside	시골지역	20	드문, 희귀한	rare
9	community	지역사회, 공동체	21	문화생활	cultural life
10	chance	기회, 가능성	22	복잡하게 만들다	complicate
11	department	부서, 학과	23	여러 가지, 갖가지	variety
12	peaceful	평화로운	24	직업, 경력	career



## Test 2

**A** Complete the sentences about living in the city and the rural area.

### Good things

#### City

1. You can easily buy many things you want.
2. You can find a variety of jobs and careers.
3. You can find public departments near you.
4. You can enjoy your cultural life.

#### Rural area

1. You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life and have more relaxing schedule.
2. People work together and look out for one another.
3. There are fewer buildings, so you can enjoy the nature.
4. You can breathe fresh air and see bright stars and the clean sky.

### Bad things

#### City

1. The cost of living becomes more and more expensive.
2. Traffics are complicated and pollution gets worse.
3. Close relations among neighbors are rare.
4. It is difficult to find many trees and forests.
5. City people are always in a hurry and live too busily.

#### Rural area

1. You may have hard time finding public departments near your house.
2. There may be less chance to get a job and to enjoy entertainment.

## Summary Make up

Choose and complete the summary.

relaxing / museum / variety / rare  
community / expensive / entertainment / complicated

Introduction	Which is better : living in the city or in the rural area?
Body	<p>You can easily buy many things you want in the city at any time of the day or night.</p> <p>You can find a <u>variety</u> of jobs and careers here.</p> <p>If you need any help, you can find public departments near you. You can enjoy your cultural life in theater, concert hall, and <u>museum</u>. But, there are bad things about living in the city too. The cost of living becomes more and more <u>expensive</u>. Traffics are <u>complicated</u> and pollution gets worse. Close relations among neighbors are <u>rare</u>.</p> <p>It is difficult to find many trees and forests in the city.</p> <p>Moreover, city people are always in a hurry and live too busily. You can enjoy peaceful and quiet life and have more <u>relaxing</u> schedule in the countryside. People work together and look out for one another, having a great sense of <u>community</u>. There are fewer buildings, so you can enjoy the nature. You can breathe fresh air and see bright stars and the clean sky. But there are also bad things about living in the countryside. You may have hard time finding public departments near your house. There may be less chance to get a job and to enjoy <u>entertainment</u>.</p>
Conclusion	Where do you want to live?

## Test 1

Write each word and its Korean meaning.

Score : / 24

No.	English	Korean	No.	Korean	English
1	advice	조언, 충고	13	유사한, 비슷한	similar
2	spoil	망치다	14	조언, 충고	advice
3	sensitive	예민한, 민감한	15	망치다	spoil
4	prejudice	편견	16	예민한, 민감한	sensitive
5	face	직면하다	17	편견	prejudice
6	allow	허락, 용납하다	18	반복해서, 되풀이해서	over and over
7	over and over	반복해서, 되풀이해서	19	지지하다	support
8	support	지지하다	20	실망시키다	disappoint
9	disappoint	실망시키다	21	결정, 판단	decision
10	decision	결정, 판단	22	상황	situation
11	situation	상황	23	직면하다	face
12	similar	유사한, 비슷한	24	허락, 용납하다	allow

## Test 2

### A Fill in the blanks with your own words.

#### How to be a good advisor

Good advice can help to find the right way in life, while bad advice may spoil the life.

Here is something which you'd better follow.

1. Listen carefully to the person and try to understand his or her situation.

Being an active listener will help you give good advice.

2. Try to imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation.

It allows you to give better advice.

3. What are the bad points or the good points of your advice?

Before you give advice to others, try to think over and over.

4. Support his or her feelings.

You'd better be sensitive about his or her feelings than give cold advice.

5. Never be disappointed when your advice is not taken.

Let the person make his or her own decision.

## Summary Make up

Choose and complete the summary.

experience / over and over / sensitive / decide  
situation / advisor / disappointed / prejudice

<p><b>Introduction</b></p>	<p>Does your friend want to get your advice? But giving advice may be difficult. Good advice can help to find the right way in life, while bad advice may spoil the life.</p> <p>And sometimes it can be a very <u>sensitive</u> matter. Here is something which you'd better follow.</p>
<p><b>Body</b></p>	<p>1. Listen carefully to the person and try to understand his or her <u>situation</u>. You need to listen to others' words without any <u>prejudice</u>.</p> <p>Being an active listener will help you give good advice.</p> <p>2. Try to imagine yourself that you are facing the same situation. You may think about a similar <u>experience</u> you had or imagine you are that person. It allows you to give better advice.</p> <p>3. What are the bad points or the good points of your advice? Is your advice good for the long term or the short term? Before you give advice to others, try to think <u>over and over</u>.</p> <p>4. Support his or her feelings.</p> <p>You don't always need to <u>decide</u> which one is right or good. You'd better be sensitive about his or her feelings than give cold advice.</p> <p>5. Never be <u>disappointed</u> when your advice is not taken. Even if you think your advice is good, others may not think so. Let the person make his or her own decision.</p>
<p><b>Conclusion</b></p>	<p>If you remember these tips, you may be a good <u>advisor</u>.</p>

## Test 1

Write each word and its Korean meaning.

Score : / 24

No.	English	Korean	No.	Korean	English
1	communication	의사소통	13	전달하다, 전하다	convey
2	detail	세부사항	14	존경, 경의	honor
3	convey	전달하다, 전하다	15	정리하다	arrange
4	honor	존경, 경의	16	효과적인	effective
5	verbal	말의, 구두의	17	완벽하게	perfectly
6	memorize	암기하다	18	시선 마주침	eye contact
7	arrange	정리하다	19	유창하게	fluently
8	effective	효과적인	20	발음하다	pronounce
9	fluently	유창하게	21	말의, 구두의	verbal
10	pronounce	발음하다	22	암기하다	memorize
11	perfectly	완벽하게	23	의사소통	communication
12	eye contact	시선 마주침	24	세부사항	detail



## Test 2

## A Complete the sentences and match them.

- 
- 1 If too many things are going on, you're likely to miss important details.
- 2 If you are in a noisy situation,
- 3 Verbal communication is easily forgettable.
- 4 Send your messages with body languages.
- 5 Arrange your voice tone and speed, too.
- 6 Listen well to what others are saying.
- 7 If you're not sure of the meaning of a word, don't use it.
- a If you want to leave important information, write it down.
- b Don't make people think your voice is boring.
- c To be an effective communicator you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak fluently.
- d Have one conversation at a time.
- e Look up a dictionary and learn the exact meaning of the word.
- f looking at the lips to find what others are saying may be helpful.
- g Body languages can say so much more than words.

## Summary Make up

Choose and complete the summary.

details / helpful / body languages / effective  
communication / eye contacts / memorize / tone

Introduction	We talk and listen a lot every day. But we don't perfectly understand what we speak and listen to. That means we have problems in communicating. Here are simple tips that will solve most <u>communication</u> problems.
Body	<p>If too many things are going on, you're likely to miss important <u>details</u>. Have one conversation at a time. Pay attention when you are talking or listening to others. Studies show that having <u>eye contacts</u> can convey truth and honor. But if you are in a noisy situation, looking at the lips to find what others are saying may be <u>helpful</u>. Verbal communication is easily forgettable. Therefore if you want to leave important information, write it down. Never trust your brain to <u>memorize</u> the whole information. Send your messages with <u>body languages</u>. Use your hands and face gestures. Body languages can say so much more than words. Arrange your voice <u>tone</u> and speed, too. Don't make people think your voice is boring. Practice using your voice like a voice actor. Listen well to what others are saying. To be an <u>effective</u> communicator you should listen to other person's words as well as you speak fluently.</p>
Conclusion	<p>If you're not sure of the meaning of a word, don't use it. Look up a dictionary and learn the exact meaning of the word. After that, pronounce the word correctly.</p>

## Test 1

Write each word and its Korean meaning.

Score : / 24

No.	English	Korean	No.	Korean	English
1	technology	기술	13	가정의	household
2	evolve	발달하다, 진화하다	14	감시하다	monitor
3	household	가정의	15	붙이다, 부착하다	attach
4	monitor	감시하다	16	유용한, 편리한	handy
5	measure	측정하다, 재다	17	~ 대신에	instead of
6	fertilizer	비료	18	정보	information
7	detect	발견하다, 알아내다	19	기술	technology
8	necessary	필요한	20	발달하다, 진화하다	evolve
9	attach	붙이다, 부착하다	21	발견하다, 알아내다	detect
10	handy	유용한, 편리한	22	필요한	necessary
11	instead of	~ 대신에	23	측정하다, 재다	measure
12	information	정보	24	비료	fertilizer

## Test 2

### A Fill in the blanks and write the numbers.

① Pet-Feeder

② Plant Sensor

③ Supervacuum Robot

④ Shiny Window 300

1 It costs \$250.

④

2 It measures sunlight, soil moisture, and fertilizer levels. France.

②

3 It costs \$50.

①

4 The timer inside it will feed fresh meals instead of you.

①

5 It can clean any size of window without any noise.

④

6 Its body is not round and good for the cleaning of corners.

③

7 It costs \$400.

③

8 It monitors what your plants need.

②

9 It helps you clean your windows.

④

10 It costs \$70.

②

11 It gives meals twice a day for your dogs and cats.

①

12 It also has a laser-vision system and detects exactly where to vacuum.

③

## Summary Make up

Choose and complete the summary.

household / measures / attach / comfortable  
necessary / exactly / fertilizer / instead of

<p><b>Introduction</b></p>	<p>As technology develops, our lives become more and more <u>comfortable</u>. Now, these technologies are evolving to create robots that behave more like humans. Are your parents tired of doing household chores? Do they have little time? Here are some wonderful <u>household</u> robots that can help your parents.</p>
<p><b>Body</b></p>	<p>Pet-Feeder gives meals twice a day for your dogs and cats. Do you have to go out for some time and don't have anyone who can feed your pets? The timer inside this will feed fresh meals <u>instead of</u> you. \$ 50 Plant Sensor monitors what your plants need. It <u>measures</u> sunlight, soil moisture, and <u>fertilizer</u> levels. You can get the information on your mobile phone. Even if you don't have information about plants, you can grow plants well. \$ 70 Supervacuum Robot is the most popular robot vacuum cleaner. Its body is not round and good for the cleaning of corners. It also has a laser-vision system and detects <u>exactly</u> where to vacuum. Now it is no longer <u>necessary</u> to take time to clean. \$ 400 Shiny Window 300 helps you clean your windows. Just <u>attach</u> it to windows by four large magnets. It can clean any size of window without any noise. \$ 250</p>
<p><b>Conclusion</b></p>	<p>These are really handy robots. Do you need anything else? You can see many other robots at <a href="http://www.householdrobots.com">www.householdrobots.com</a>. Visit here and buy one for your easy life.</p>

## Test 1

Write each word and its Korean meaning.

Score : /

No.	English	Korean	No.	Korean	English
1	effect	영향, 효과	13	손상을 주다, 피해를 입히다	damage
2	affect	영향을 미치다	14	사고	accident
3	harmful	해로운, 유해한	15	깨닫다, 알아차리다	realize
4	damage	손상을 주다, 피해를 입히다	16	~을 야기하다, 초래하다	cause
5	accident	사고	17	의사소통	communication
6	realize	깨닫다, 알아차리다	18	교통표지	traffic sign
7	cause	~을 야기하다, 초래하다	19	잘못하여, 실수로	by mistake
8	communication	의사소통	20	파괴하다	destroy
9	destroy	파괴하다	21	오해하다	misunderstand
10	misunderstand	오해하다	22	영향, 효과	effect
11	traffic sign	교통표지	23	영향을 미치다	affect
12	by mistake	잘못하여, 실수로	24	해로운, 유해한	harmful



## Test 2

### A Choose and complete the sentences.

misunderstanding of others  
 how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is  
 affects our health but also causes some problems  
 of face to face communication  
 careful of traffic signs or may bump into someone  
 attention and enough sleep

- 1 Do you think about bad effects of too much use of mobile phones?  
 → Using mobile phones too much not only affects our health but also  
causes some problems.
- 2 Several studies show that the waves from mobile phones are harmful for our brain and heart.  
 → The waves also affect our attention and enough sleep.
- 3 You can enjoy music, movies, and games on mobile phones everywhere.  
 → While we enjoy them, we may not be careful of traffic signs or may bump  
into someone.
- 4 We can often hear the TV news about accidents caused by mobile phones.  
 → This makes us realize how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is.
- 5 Mobile phones cause a lot of problems in communication, too.  
 → Using mobile phones destroys the pleasure of face to face communication.
- 6 When we send a text, we may send to another person by mistake.  
 → This leads to a misunderstanding of others.

## Summary Make up

Choose and complete the summary.

by mistake / problems / damages / realize  
pleasure / harmful / whenever / traffic signs

<p><b>Introduction</b></p>	<p>We can't imagine the life without mobile phones these days. But do you think about bad effects of too much use of mobile phones? Using mobile phones too much not only affects our health but also causes some <u>problems</u>.</p>
<p><b>Body</b></p>	<p>Several studies show that the waves from mobile phones are <u>harmful</u> for our brain and heart. The waves also affect our attention and enough sleep. In addition, long use of mobile phones <u>damages</u> our eyes and ears.</p> <p>We can enjoy music, movies, and games on mobile phones everywhere. That may make us be in danger. While we enjoy them, we may not be careful of <u>traffic signs</u> or may bump into someone. We can often hear the TV news about accidents caused by mobile phones.</p> <p>This makes us <u>realize</u> how dangerous too much use of mobile phones is.</p> <p>Mobile phones cause a lot of problems in communication, too. Using mobile phones destroys the <u>pleasure</u> of face to face communication. When we send a text message, we may send to another person <u>by mistake</u>. This leads to a misunderstanding of others. Sometimes we make errors while typing that makes others feel bad. So we have to be careful <u>whenever</u> we send a text message.</p>
<p><b>Conclusion</b></p>	<p>Mobile phones are useful for our life. However, too much use of them can cause us many problems.</p>

## Test 1

Write each word and its Korean meaning.

Score : / 24

No.	English	Korean	No.	Korean	English
1	former	이전의, 과거의	13	동의하다	agree
2	communist	공산주의자	14	보안, 안보	security
3	organ	기관	15	보호하다, 지키다	protect
4	establish	설립하다, 수립하다	16	평등	equality
5	tragedy	비극	17	장려하다, 촉진하다	promote
6	prevent	예방하다, 방지하다	18	번영, 번성	prosperity
7	promote	장려하다, 촉진하다	19	비극	tragedy
8	prosperity	번영, 번성	20	예방하다, 방지하다	prevent
9	protect	보호하다, 지키다	21	기관	organ
10	equality	평등	22	설립하다, 수립하다	establish
11	agree	동의하다	23	이전의, 과거의	former
12	security	보안, 안보	24	공산주의자	communist

## Test 2

### A Choose and complete the sentences.

The former United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name "United Nations" in 1942 during the ①\_\_\_\_\_.

②At that time 26 nations agreed to continue fighting together against the communists. In 1945, 50 countries met in San Francisco and developed the United Nations. The main organs of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council.

All were established in 1945 when the UN was founded. The UN was made after the tragedy of the ③\_\_\_\_\_. Therefore its goal is to maintain international peace and security. The UN does ④this by working to prevent conflict and helping people in conflict areas.

- 1 What does the underlined word ② mean?  
It means the time of 1942 during the Second World War.
- 2 What is the common word for ①, ③?  
Second World War.
- 3 What does the underlined word ④ mean?  
It means to maintain international peace and security.

### B Choose and complete the sentences.

the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948  
the tragedy of the Second World War  
continue fighting together against the communists  
in San Francisco and developed the United Nations

- 1 The UN was made after the tragedy of the Second World War.
- 2 At that time 26 nations agreed to continue fighting together against the communists.
- 3 The UN has also protected human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948.
- 4 In 1945, 50 countries met in San Francisco and developed the United Nations.

## Summary Make up

Choose and complete the summary.

protected / tragedy / well-being / agreed  
conflict / established / maintain / celebrated

Introduction	Have you heard about the UN? Do you know what the UN is for?
Body	<p>The former United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt first used the name “United Nations” in 1942 during the Second World War. At that time 26 nations <u>agreed</u> to continue fighting together against the communists.</p> <p>In 1945, 50 countries met in San Francisco and developed the United Nations. The main organs of the UN are the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council. All were <u>established</u> in 1945 when the UN was founded. The UN was made after the <u>tragedy</u> of the Second World War. Therefore its goal is to <u>maintain</u> international peace and security. The UN does this by working to prevent <u>conflict</u> and helping people in conflict areas.</p> <p>Improving people’s well-being is another main focus of the UN. The global understanding of well-being has changed over time, and countries now have agreed with the means of <u>well-being</u>. They agreed to promote prosperity and economic opportunity, and protection of the environment. The UN has also <u>protected</u> human rights since the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was made in 1948.</p>
Conclusion	<p>The UN has also worked on climate change, health emergencies, gender equality, and food production. It is currently made up of 193 member states. Its Headquarter based in New York City, U.S.A. United Nations Day is <u>celebrated</u> on every October 24th.</p>

## Test 1

Write each word and its Korean meaning.

Score : / 24

No.	English	Korean	No.	Korean	English
1	disease	질병, 병	13	기금, 자금	fund
2	carry out	수행하다, 실행하다	14	기부자, 기증자	donor
3	identical	동일한, 똑같은	15	대표, 대리인	representative
4	fund	기금, 자금	16	예산, 비용	budget
5	invaluable	매우 유용한, 귀중한	17	가난, 빈곤	poverty
6	contribute	기부하다, 기증하다	18	제공하다	provide
7	donor	기부자, 기증자	19	전적으로, 완전히	entirely
8	representative	대표, 대리인	20	매우 유용한, 귀중한	invaluable
9	budget	예산, 비용	21	기부하다, 기증하다	contribute
10	poverty	가난, 빈곤	22	수행하다, 실행하다	carry out
11	provide	제공하다	23	동일한, 똑같은	identical
12	entirely	전적으로, 완전히	24	질병, 병	disease

## Test 2

### A Choose the words and fill in the blanks.

carries out / since / as needed / faced / supported

- 1 After World War II, European children faced hunger and disease.
- 2 Regional offices guide this work and provide technical help to country offices as needed.
- 3 UNICEF is supported entirely by voluntary funds.
- 4 UNICEF's headquarter is in New York and each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through an identical program.
- 5 American children have raised more than \$175 million for UNICEF since 1950.

### B Choose and complete the sentences.

in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster  
children and mothers in developing countries  
provide food, clothing and health care to them  
establish policies, approve programs

- 1 It was made by the United Nations to provide food, clothing and health care to them.
- 2 UNICEF provides long-term help to children and mothers in developing countries.
- 3 They establish policies, approve programs and decide on how to use budgets.
- 4 This fund raising campaign is for the kids who live in countries of poverty, war, or natural disaster.



## Summary Make up

Choose and complete the summary.

budgets / invaluable / representatives / contribute  
disease / poverty / identical / funds

Introduction	<p>After World War II, European children faced hunger and <u>disease</u>. UNICEF was created in December 1946. It was made by the United Nations to provide food, clothing and health care to them.</p>
Body	<p>UNICEF's headquarter is in New York and each country office carries out UNICEF's mission through an <u>identical</u> program. Regional offices guide this work and provide technical help to country offices as needed.</p> <p>UNICEF provides long-term help to children and mothers in developing countries. It promotes children's rights by raising <u>funds</u> and selling UNICEF greeting cards and products, and provides other <u>invaluable</u> support. UNICEF is supported entirely by voluntary funds.</p> <p>Governments <u>contribute</u> two thirds of the resources; private groups and some 6 million individual donors contribute the rest. Guiding and monitoring all of UNICEF's work is done by a 36-member Executive Board of government <u>representatives</u>. They establish policies, approve programs, and decide on how to use <u>budgets</u>.</p>
Conclusion	<p>Among many campaigns "Trick-or-Treat" for UNICEF began in 1950 for helping kids who need more than candy. Since then, children all over America have gone door-to-door on Halloween with UNICEF collection boxes, calling out, "Trick-or-Treat for UNICEF!" This fund raising campaign is for the kids who live in countries of <u>poverty</u>, war, or natural disaster.</p>

